

25 March 2021

Mr Anthony Witherdin
Director, Key Sites Assessments
NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment
4 Parramatta Square
12 Darcy Street,
Parramatta NSW 2150

Attention: Ms Amy Watson
Via email: amy.watson@planning.nsw.gov.au

Dear Amy,

**Re: DA 10082 - New Digital Advertising Signage Church Street overpass
Burns Bay Road, Hunters Hill.**

I refer to our application DA10082 which was lodged with the Department of Planning Industry and Environment in October 2019 seeking development consent to install two digital advertising signs on Church Street Overpass, Hunters Hill.

As discussed we would like to submit amended DA plans for consideration as follows:

1. The removal of the proposed Sign No.1 (inbound) over the Southbound carriageway on the Northern Elevation. Accordingly, the amended proposal would reduce the total signage area by 50% and retain Sign No.2 (outbound) on the Southern Elevation. To this end, amended drawings, DS2019/000865 General Arrangement Sheets 1 and 2, are attached.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you would like to discuss or require further clarification.

If you have any further questions, I would be pleased to take your call on 0415 505 566.

Yours sincerely,



Barry Newling
Principal Manager Commercial
Customer Strategy and Technology

CHURCH STREET OVERPASS HUNTERS HILL

Advertising Signage Structural Feasibility
Assessment

Structural Calculations

CLIENT

JCDecaux

DATE

18th March 2021

REFERENCE NO.

10032068-02

REVISION

2

Executive Summary

Arcadis have undertaken a structural feasibility assessment of the existing Church Street overpass at Hunter Hill to determine the structural adequacy of the existing bridge to support the introduction of new advertising signage.

It is proposed that the advertising signage structure will be attached to the existing bridge superstructure over the northbound carriageway of Burns Bay Road (refer Figure 1).

The signage structure is commonly referred to as a 'Supersite' having a nominal face size of 12.66 metres long x 3.35 metres high and will be purpose-designed and fabricated to accommodate a digital screen, including all ancillary components, such as digital controllers and an electrical distribution board. For the objective of our assessment we have allowed for a generic digital display unit with a nominal weight of 54kg/m².

The structural feasibility assessment confirms that the existing bridge is capable of supporting the introduction of the new digital advertising sign.

The exact nature of the advertising signage attachment methodology will be established during the construction design and documentation phase of the project, during which time, additional checks will be carried out on localised anchorage of the support framing, and a fatigue assessment.



Figure 1 - Locality Plan


	STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS	DOCUMENT No
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OFFICE Manila	PROJECT TITLE Church Street Bridge, Hunters Hill
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SUBJECT Bridge Assessment	SHEET No
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ISSUE	TOTAL SHEETS	AUTHOR	DATE	CHECKED BY	DATE	APPROVED BY	DATE	COMMENTS
1	54	JBB	20-Aug-19					
2	56	JBB	17-Mar-21					Added stability checks for out-of-balance scenario
3								

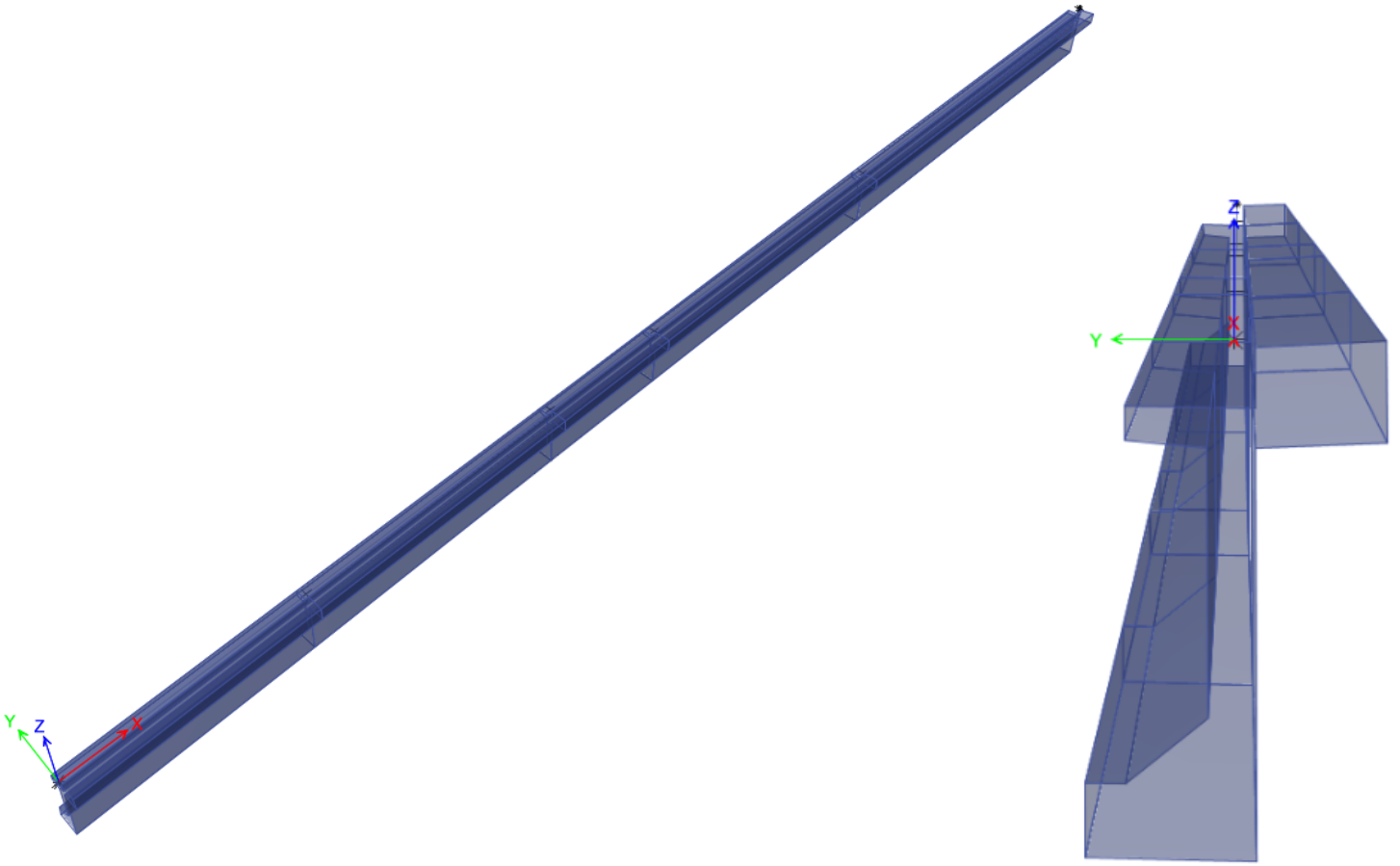
SUPERSEDES DOC No	DATE
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	DOCUMENT No	SHEET																																				
SUBJECT Church Street Bridge, Hunters Hill																																						
REFERENCE	CALCULATIONS	OUTPUT																																				
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	STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS	DOCUMENT No
OFFICE Manila		PROJECT TITLE Church Street Bridge, Hunters Hill
<p>A. ASSESSMENT SUMMARY</p> <p>A.1 DESIGN METHODOLOGY</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The assessment of an existing bridge due to the additional loads from the digital signage structure is done using ETABS 17 software. The framing and section properties of the bridge is based on the bridge drawings provided. 2. Digital signage is to be installed on one side of the bridge. Using Microstran software, the framing and section properties of the signage were specified. The model was mostly comprised of a combination of RHS and SHS sections welded to each other. 3. Using the Section Designer of ETABS 17, the girder of the bridge was modelled and member forces were obtained. The girder was then checked manually for combined shear and torsion. 4. Ultimate bending and deflection were analysed using RAPT 6.5. 5. Using manual calculations, stability checks (sliding and overturning) were done to check the out-of-balance loading scenario when only one sign structure is installed. <p>A.2 ASSUMPTIONS</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The supports and connections of the sign box structure to the bridge was only assumed since there is no details yet for these. To compensate, the summation of the reaction force was transferred to the girder which induces additional moment. 2. It was assumed that the location from the outer edge of the bridge girder to the signboard is equal to 250mm. 3. The section that was considered is just a portion of the girder where the signboard will be attached for simplicity of analysis and conservative purposes. 4. The prestressing force per strand was assumed to be equal to 124.38 kN which is the default value from RAPT. 5. An idealized section was used with a lesser moment of inertia compared to the original cross section due to the limitation of RAPT in modelling irregular cross section. 6. To generate accurate deflections, a correction factor was used for the deflection calculated in RAPT to incorporate the actual moment of Inertia of the girder taken from Section Designer results generated from ETABS. <p>A.3 SUMMARY OF RESULTS</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. After performing shear and torsion check following AS 5100.7 considering prestressing force mentioned in the assumptions, results showed that the spacing of the torsional reinforcement is adequate and additional shear reinforcement is not needed. 2. Following the results from RAPT, additional top reinforcement bars are required. However, these additional bars can be ignored since these are the required bars during construction (prestressing). The installation of the sign board does not require additional reinforcements at the top and bottom portion of the girder. 3. The loads from the signboard produces an additional moment equal to 650kNm and deflection equal to 11.6 mm, 4. Following AS 5100.2 standard, the deflection allowed for a simply supported bridge is span length /600. Considering the spans of the Church Street Bridge, the allowable deflection is limited to 74.275 mm. Accounting the correction factor for the deflection, the maximum long term deflection that was observed is equal to 58.83 mm. Hence, bridge deflection is still within the limit. 5. Using AS1170.0 Section 4.2.1 Stability Load Combinations, Stability checks for overturning and sliding give passing results. (Factor of safety equal to 129 and 11, respectively) 		

	STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS	DOCUMENT No																																
OFFICE Manila	PROJECT TITLE Church Street Bridge, Hunters Hill																																	
<p>A.3 SUMMARY OF RESULTS (cont.)</p> <p><i>The portion of the bridge girder was assessed to be capable of supporting the inclusion of the proposed signage structures and the existing pedestrian loads. Take note that the prestressing force used was taken from the default value given by RAPT. Shear and torsion check should be reassessed using the actual prestressing forces if data is available. This assessment did not consider application vibration loads and fatigue loads, since it was assumed that these cases were considered during the original design of the bridge.</i></p> <p><i>Additional stability check was done due to updates from the original plan of installing signage to opposite sides of the bridge. It was advised that signage is to be installed on one side of the bridge only and due to unbalanced loading, stability against overturning and sliding was done, giving factors of safety of 129 and 11, respectively using AS1170.0 Section 4.2.1 load combinations.</i></p> <p><i>Before installation of the new sign, the following items should also be taken into account:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <i>1. Connection points should be checked locally once there is already scheme on how to connect with the sign.</i> <i>2. Recheck anchorage of sign support connection to bridge girder.</i> <i>3. Perform fatigue assessment during sign structure design.</i> <p>B. PROPERTIES</p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td colspan="2">Concrete</td> <td colspan="2">Steel</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Compressive Strength, f_c</td> <td>40 MPa</td> <td>Yield strength, f_y</td> <td>400 MPa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Poisson's ratio, ν (assumed)</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>Modulus of Elasticity, E_s</td> <td>200000 MPa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Unit weight</td> <td>25.5 kN/m³</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Modulus of Elasticity, E_c</td> <td>32800 MPa</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>C. LOAD FACTORS AND LOAD COMBINATIONS</p> <p>Load factors are taken from AS 5100.7 while load combinations are based on AS 5100.2 requirements. Refer to G.1 for the load combinations used.</p> <p>D. DESIGN CODES AND REFERENCES</p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td>AS 1170.0-2002</td> <td>Structural design actions - Part 0: General Principles</td> </tr> <tr> <td>AS/NZS 1170.2-2011</td> <td>Structural design actions - Part 2: Wind actions</td> </tr> <tr> <td>AS 1657-2013</td> <td>Fixed platforms, walkways, stairways and ladders -Design, construction and installation</td> </tr> <tr> <td>AS 5100.2:2017</td> <td>Bridge design - Part 2 : Design Loads</td> </tr> <tr> <td>AS/NZS 5100.5:2017</td> <td>Bridge design - Part 5 : Concrete</td> </tr> <tr> <td>AS 5100.7:2017</td> <td>Bridge design - Part 7 : Bridge Assessment</td> </tr> </table>			Concrete		Steel		Compressive Strength, f_c	40 MPa	Yield strength, f_y	400 MPa	Poisson's ratio, ν (assumed)	0.2	Modulus of Elasticity, E_s	200000 MPa	Unit weight	25.5 kN/m ³			Modulus of Elasticity, E_c	32800 MPa			AS 1170.0-2002	Structural design actions - Part 0: General Principles	AS/NZS 1170.2-2011	Structural design actions - Part 2: Wind actions	AS 1657-2013	Fixed platforms, walkways, stairways and ladders -Design, construction and installation	AS 5100.2:2017	Bridge design - Part 2 : Design Loads	AS/NZS 5100.5:2017	Bridge design - Part 5 : Concrete	AS 5100.7:2017	Bridge design - Part 7 : Bridge Assessment
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E. Structure Geometry



ETABS MODEL

(EQUIVALENT GIRDER SECTION)

Microtran V9

leysonr3595

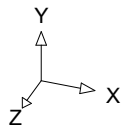
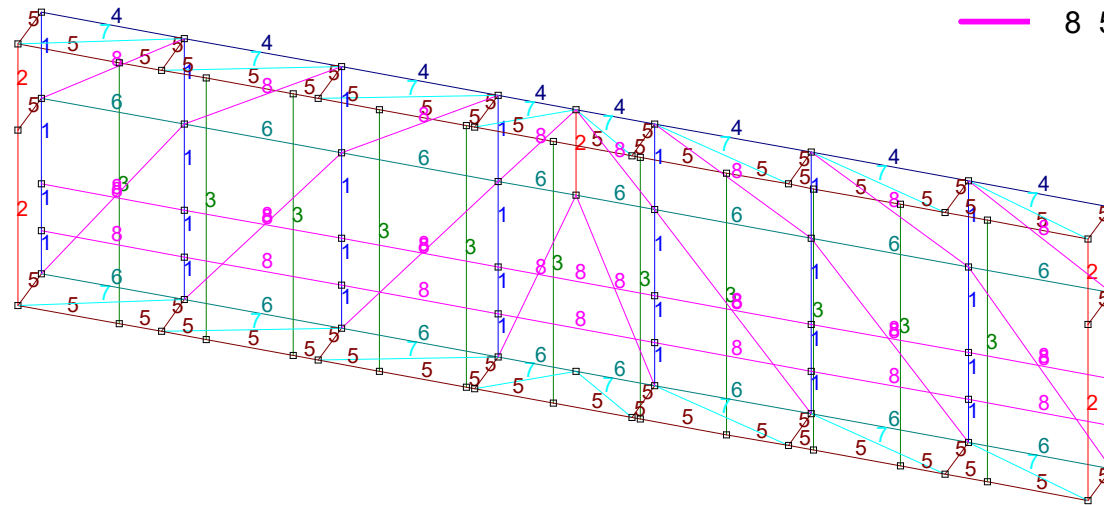
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:06:52 AM

E. Structure Geometry

Sections:

- 1 100X100X5.0SHS Y
- 2 75X75X5.0SHS Y
- 3 75X50X5.0RHS Y
- 4 100X100X5.0SHS Y
- 5 75X75X5.0SHS Y
- 6 200X100X5.0RHS Y
- 7 50X50X4.0SHS Y
- 8 50X50X4.0SHS Y



theta: 290 phi: 30

ASSUMED SIGNBOX GEOMETRY

Wind Loading (AS/NZS 1170.2 : 2011)

Ultimate Design Wind Speed, V_{1000}	=	42.001	m/s	for $Mzcat =$	0.9131
Serviceability Design Wind Speed, V_{25}	=	33.783	m/s		
Wind Region	=	A2			
Topographic Multiplier, M_t	=	1			
Shielding Multiplier, M_s	=	1			
Terrain Category	=	2.5			
Importance Level	=	3			
Ultimate Regional Wind Speed, V_{1000}	=	46	1000 years Annual Probability		
Serviceability Regional Wind Speed, V_{25}	=	37	25 years Annual Probability		

Direction Multiplier, M_d

Wind Direction	M_d
N	0.8
NE	0.8
E	0.8
SE	0.95
S	0.9
SW	0.95
W	1
NW	0.95

Use $M_d =$ 1
 $C_{fig} = C_{p,n}$
 $C_{dyn} = 1.0$

ok

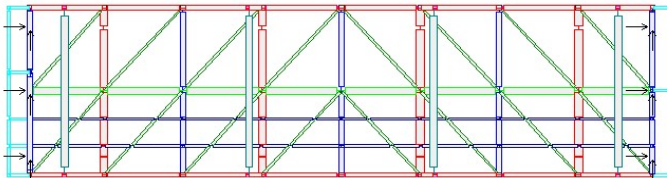
At $\theta = 0$,

height from ground, $h =$ 9.785

$b =$ 12.63

$b/c =$ 3.77

$c/h =$ 0.34



$c =$ 3.35

NET PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS ($C_{p,n}$)—HOARDINGS AND FREESTANDING WALLS—WIND NORMAL TO HOARDING OR WALL, $\theta = 0^\circ$

b/c	c/h	$C_{p,n}$	e
0.5 to 5	0.2 to 1	$1.3 + 0.5(0.3 + \log_{10}(b/c))(0.8 - c/h)$	0
>5		$1.7 - 0.5 c/h$	0
all	<0.2	$1.4 + 0.3\log_{10}(b/c)$	0

$C_{p,n} = 1.3 + 0.5 (0.3 + \log_{10} (b/c))(0.8 - c/h)$

$C_{p,n} =$ 1.51

WIND PRESSURES $p = (0.5 \rho_{air}) [V_{des,\theta}]^2 C_{fig} C_{dyn}$

$P_{uls} = 0.5 * 1.2 * 42.00099^2 * 1.0 * 1.51$ Wind pressure for Ultimate Limit State
 $P_{uls} =$ 1.60 kPa

$P_{sls} = 0.5 * 1.2 * 33.783405^2 * 1.0 * 1.51$ Wind pressure for Service Limit State
 $P_{sls} =$ 1.03 kPa

Wind Loading (AS/NZS 1170.2 : 2011)

 MICROSTRAN INPUT FOR WIND LOAD (W_U)

*at cladding

Puls (kPa)	Span (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
1.60	1.024	1.637
1.60	1.1095	1.774
1.60	0.598	0.955

 MICROSTRAN INPUT FOR WIND LOAD (W_S)

Psls (kPa)	Span (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
1.03	1.024	1.059
1.03	1.1095	1.148
1.03	0.598	0.618

WIND LOAD AT EXPOSED FRAMES

$$C_f = 1.2 = C_{fig}$$

$$p = (0.5 \rho_{air}) [V_{des,6}]^2 C_{fig} C_{dyn}$$

$$Puls = 0.5 * 1.2 * 42.00099^2 * 1.0 * 1.2$$

Wind pressure for Ultimate Limit State

$$Puls = 1.27 \text{ kPa}$$

$$Psls = 0.5 * 1.2 * 33.783405^2 * 1.0 * 1.2$$

Wind pressure for Service Limit State

$$Psls = 0.82 \text{ kPa}$$

 MICROSTRAN INPUT FOR WIND LOAD (W_U) AT EXPOSED FRAMES

*at exposed frames:

Puls (kPa)	Width (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
1.27	0.2	0.26
1.27	0.1	0.13
1.27	0.075	0.1
1.27	0.05	0.07

 MICROSTRAN INPUT FOR WIND LOAD (W_S) AT EXPOSED FRAMES

*at exposed frames:

Psls (kPa)	Width (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
0.82	0.2	0.17
0.82	0.1	0.09
0.82	0.075	0.07
0.82	0.05	0.05

SUBJECT

LOAD CALCULATION (DIGITAL SIGN)

REFERENCE

NET PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS ($C_{p,n}$)—HOARDINGS AND FREESTANDING WALLS—WIND AT 45° TO HOARDING OR WALL, $\theta = 45^\circ$

b/c	c/h	$C_{p,n}$	e
0.5 to 5 inclusive	0.2 to 1	$1.3 + 0.5(0.3 + \log_{10}(b/c))(0.8 - c/h)$	$0.2b$
	<0.2	$1.4 + 0.3\log_{10}(b/c)$	$0.2b$

Positive eccentricity
MICROSTRAN INPUT FOR WIND LOAD (W_u)

*at cladding

w_u =	1.60	kPa
w_{1u} =	0.32	kPa
w_{2u} =	2.88	kPa

Puls (kPa)	Width (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
0.32	0.598	0.191
0.32	1.1095	0.355
0.32	1.024	0.327
0.32 & 2.88	1.024	1.637
2.88	1.024	2.946
2.88	1.1095	3.192
2.88	0.598	1.720

MICROSTRAN INPUT FOR WIND LOAD (W_s)

w_u =	1.03	kPa
w_{1u} =	0.21	kPa
w_{2u} =	1.86	kPa

PsIs (kPa)	Width (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
0.21	0.598	0.124
0.21	1.1095	0.229
0.21	1.024	0.212
0.21 & 1.86	1.024	1.059
1.86	1.024	1.906
1.86	1.1095	2.065
1.86	0.598	1.113

SUBJECT

(DIGITAL SIGN) LOAD CALCULATION

REFERENCE

Negative eccentricity

MICROSTRAN INPUT FOR WIND LOAD (W_u)

*at cladding

w_u =	1.60	kPa
w_{1u} =	2.88	kPa
w_{2u} =	0.32	kPa

Puls (kPa)	Width (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
2.88	0.598	1.720
2.88	1.1095	3.192
2.88	1.024	2.946
2.88 & 0.32	1.024	3.276
0.32	1.024	0.327
0.32	1.1095	0.355
0.32	0.598	0.191

MICROSTRAN INPUT FOR WIND LOAD (W_s)

w_u =	1.03	kPa
w_{1u} =	1.86	kPa
w_{2u} =	0.21	kPa

PsIs (kPa)	Width (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
1.86	0.598	1.113
1.86	1.1095	2.065
1.86	1.024	1.906
1.86 & 0.21	1.024	2.119
0.21	1.024	0.212
0.21	1.1095	0.229
0.21	0.598	0.124

SUBJECT

(DIGITAL SIGN) LOAD CALCULATION

REFERENCE

NET PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS ($C_{p,n}$)—HOARDINGS AND FREESTANDING WALLS—WIND PARALLEL TO HOARDING OR WALL, $\theta = 90^\circ$

b/c	c/h	Distance from windward free end	$C_{p,n}$ (see Note)
All	≤ 0.7	0 to $2c$	± 1.2
		$2c$ to $4c$	± 0.6
		$> 4c$	± 0.3
	> 0.7	0 to $2h$	± 1.0
		$2h$ to $4h$	± 0.25
		$> 4h$	± 0.25

$C_f = 1.2 = C_{fig}$

$p = (0.5 \rho_{air}) [V_{des,\theta}]^2 C_{fig} C_{dyn}$

$Puls = 0.5 * 1.2 * 42.00099^2 * 1.0 * 1.2$

Wind pressure for Ultimate Limit State

$Puls = 1.27$ kPa

$PsIs = 0.5 * 1.2 * 33.783405^2 * 1.0 * 1.2$

Wind pressure for Service Limit State

$PsIs = 0.82$ kPa

MICROSTRAN INPUT FOR WIND LOAD (W_U)

*at cladding

Puls (kPa)	Point	Line Load (kN/m)
1.27	0.2	0.26
1.27	0.1	0.13
1.27	0.075	0.1
1.27	0.05	0.07

MICROSTRAN INPUT FOR WIND LOAD (W_S)

PsIs (kPa)	Point	Line Load (kN/m)
0.82	0.2	0.17
0.82	0.1	0.09
0.82	0.075	0.07
0.82	0.05	0.05

SUBJECT

(DIGITAL SIGN) LOAD CALCULATION

REFERENCE

LIVE LOAD, Q

THE STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS DETAILED ON THESE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN DESIGNED FOR THE FOLLOWING APPLIED LOADINGS.

FLOOR USAGE	LIVE LOAD (kPa)	ALLOWANCE FOR SUPERIMPOSED DEAD LOAD (kPa)
GANTRY	2.5	-

MICFROSTRAN INPUT FOR FLOOR LIVE LOAD (Q)

Q (kPa)	Span (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
2.50	0.845	2.113
2.50	1.77	4.425
2.50	1.85	4.625

LIVE LOAD FOR LADDER = 1.5kN

SUPERIMPOSED DEAD LOAD (SDL)

SDL FOR FLOOR MESH = $40\text{kg/m}^2 = 0.4\text{kPa}$

*at floor

SDL (kPa)	Span (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
0.40	0.845	0.338
0.40	1.77	0.708
0.40	1.85	0.74

SDL FOR SIGN = $54\text{kg/m}^2 = 0.54\text{kPa}$

SDL (kPa)	Span (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
0.54	1.024	0.553
0.54	1.1095	0.6
0.54	0.598	0.323

SDL FOR HANDRAIL = 0.35kN/m or 0.6kN

SDL FOR CLADDING = $20\text{kg/m}^2 = 0.2\text{kPa}$

SDL (kPa)	Span (m)	Line Load (kN/m)
0.200	0.3	0.06

SUBJECT	Digital Signages on Pedestrian Bridge over Burns Bay Road
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REFERENCE	CALCULATIONS	OUTPUT
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G. MICROSTRAN INPUT

G.1 LOAD CASES AND COMBINATIONS

Analysis				
Case	Type	Type	Flag	Title
1	P	N	-	SW
2	P	N	-	SDL
3	P	N	-	Q
4	P	N	-	Wu +Z
5	P	N	-	Wu -Z
9	P	N	-	Wu +Z - 45 e+ (Ultimate Wind at +Z-dir)
10	P	N	-	Wu +Z - 45 e- (Ultimate Wind at +Z-dir)
11	P	N	-	Wu -Z - 45 e+(Ultimate Wind at -Z-dir)
12	P	N	-	Wu -Z - 45 e-(Ultimate Wind at -Z-dir)
13	P	N	-	Wu +X (Ultimate Wind at +X-dir)
14	P	N	-	Wu -X (Ultimate Wind at -X-dir)
60	P	N	-	PNW (Natural Wind Gust Fatigue Load)
61	P	N	-	PTG (Truck-Induced Gust Fatigue Load)

LOAD COMBINATIONS

== L O A D C A S E S ==

Case	Type	Type	Flag	Title
6	C	N	-	Ws +Z
7	C	N	-	Ws -Z
8	C	N	-	G (SW + SDL)
15	C	N	-	Ws +Z - 45 e+ (Service Wind at +Z-dir)
16	C	N	-	Ws +Z - 45 e- (Service Wind at +Z-dir)
17	C	N	-	Ws -Z - 45 e+ (Service Wind at -Z-dir)
18	C	N	-	Ws -Z - 45 e- (Service Wind at -Z-dir)
19	C	N	-	Ws +X (Service Wind at +X-dir)
20	C	N	-	Ws -X (Service Wind at -X-dir)
21	C	N	-	ULS1: 1.2G + 1.5Q
22	C	N	-	ULS2: 0.9G + Wu (+Z)
23	C	N	-	ULS3: 0.9G + Wu (-Z)
24	C	N	-	ULS4: 1.2G + Wu (+Z)
25	C	N	-	ULS5: 1.2G + Wu (-Z)
26	C	N	-	ULS6: 0.9G + Wu (+Z) 45e+
27	C	N	-	ULS7: 0.9G + Wu (+Z) 45e-
28	C	N	-	ULS8: 0.9G + Wu (-Z) 45e+
29	C	N	-	ULS9: 0.9G + Wu (-Z) 45e-
30	C	N	-	ULS10: 1.2G + Wu (+Z) 45e+
31	C	N	-	ULS11: 1.2G + Wu (+Z) 45e-
32	C	N	-	ULS12: 1.2G + Wu (-Z) 45e+
33	C	N	-	ULS13: 1.2G + Wu (-Z) 45e-
34	C	N	-	ULS14: 0.9G + Wu (+X)
35	C	N	-	ULS15: 0.9G + Wu (-X)
36	C	N	-	ULS16: 1.2G + Wu (+X)
37	C	N	-	ULS17: 1.2G + Wu (-X)
51	C	N	-	SLS1: G + Q
52	C	N	-	SLS2: G + Ws (+Z)
53	C	N	-	SLS3: G + Ws (-Z)
54	C	N	-	SLS4: G + Ws (+Z) e+
55	C	N	-	SLS5: G + Ws (+Z) e-
56	C	N	-	SLS6: G + Ws (-Z) e+
57	C	N	-	SLS7: G + Ws (-Z) e-
58	C	N	-	SLS8: G + Ws (+X)
59	C	N	-	SLS9: G + Ws (-X)

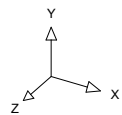
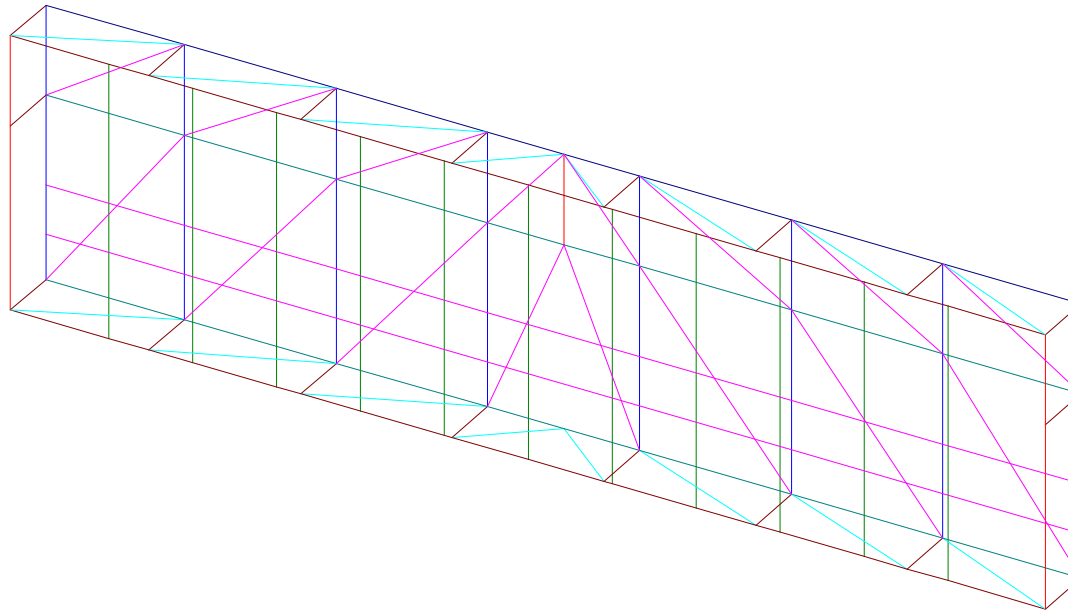
G.2 LOAD VALUES

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:48:01 AM

Load Cases:
1 P SW (gy=-9.81)



theta: 300 phi: 30

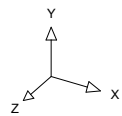
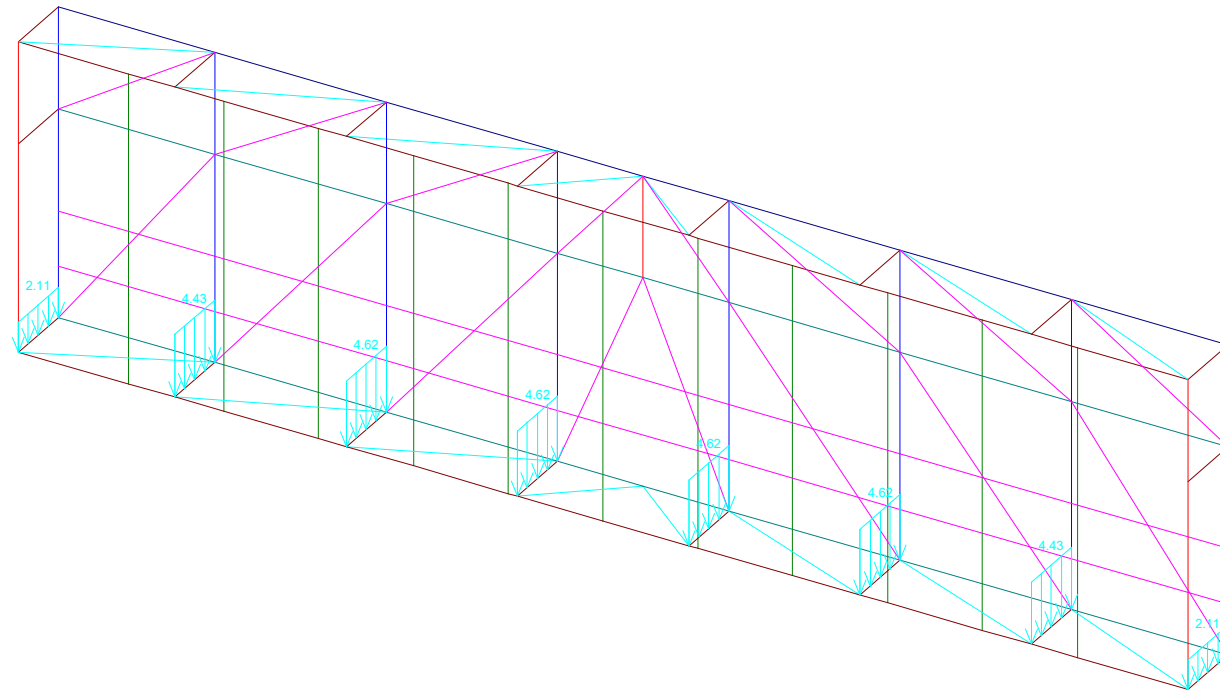
LC1 Selfweight

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:49:22 AM

Load Cases:
3 P Q



theta: 300 phi: 30

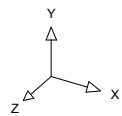
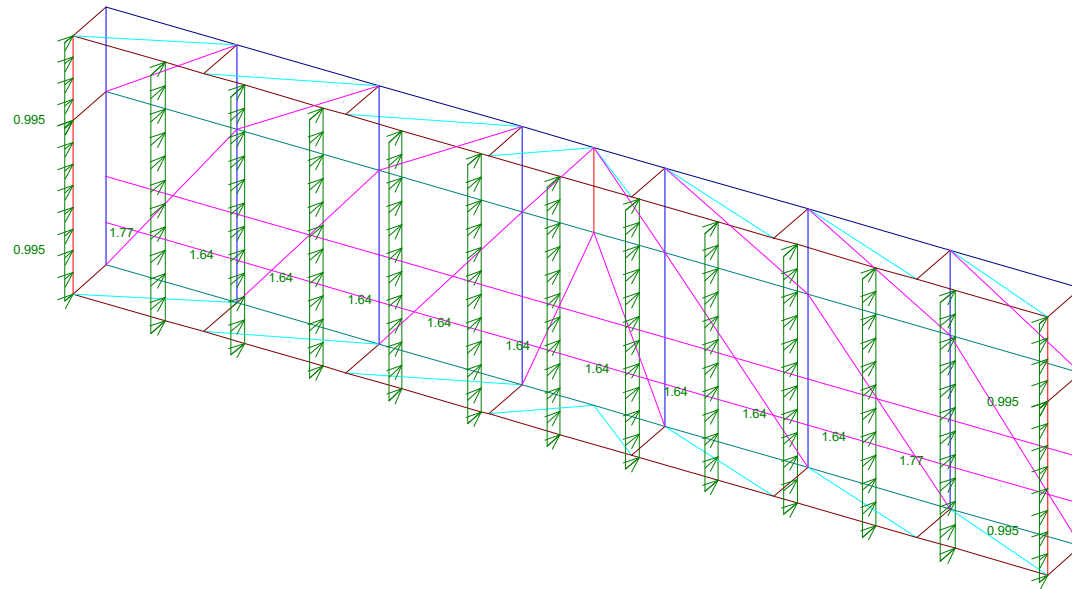
LC3 Live Load

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:51:35 AM

Load Cases:
5 P Wu -Z



theta: 300 phi: 30

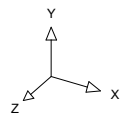
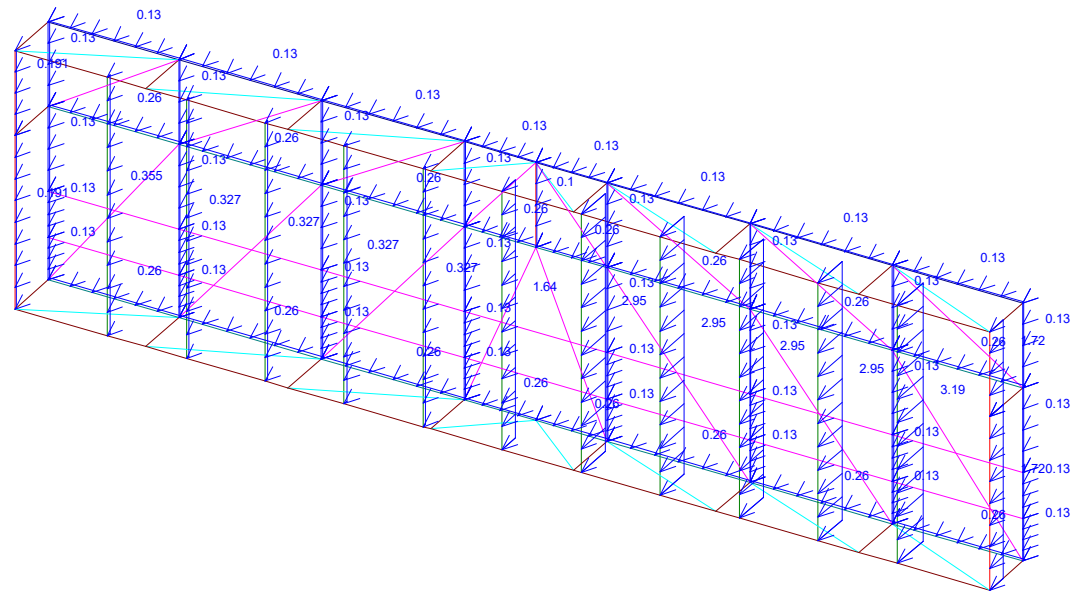
LC5 Wu - Z

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:54:32 AM

Load Cases:
9 P Wu +Z - 45 e+ (Ultimate Wind at +Z-dir)



theta: 300 phi: 30

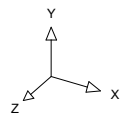
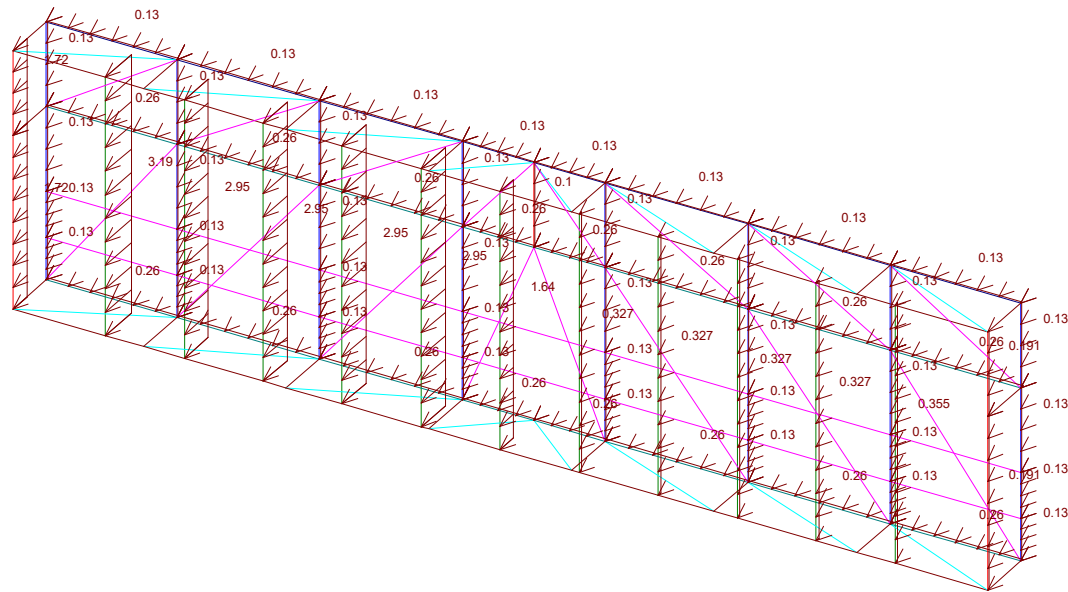
LC9 Wu +Z - 45 e+

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:54:07 AM

Load Cases:
10 P Wu +Z - 45 e- (Ultimate Wind at +Z-dir)



theta: 300 phi: 30

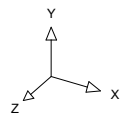
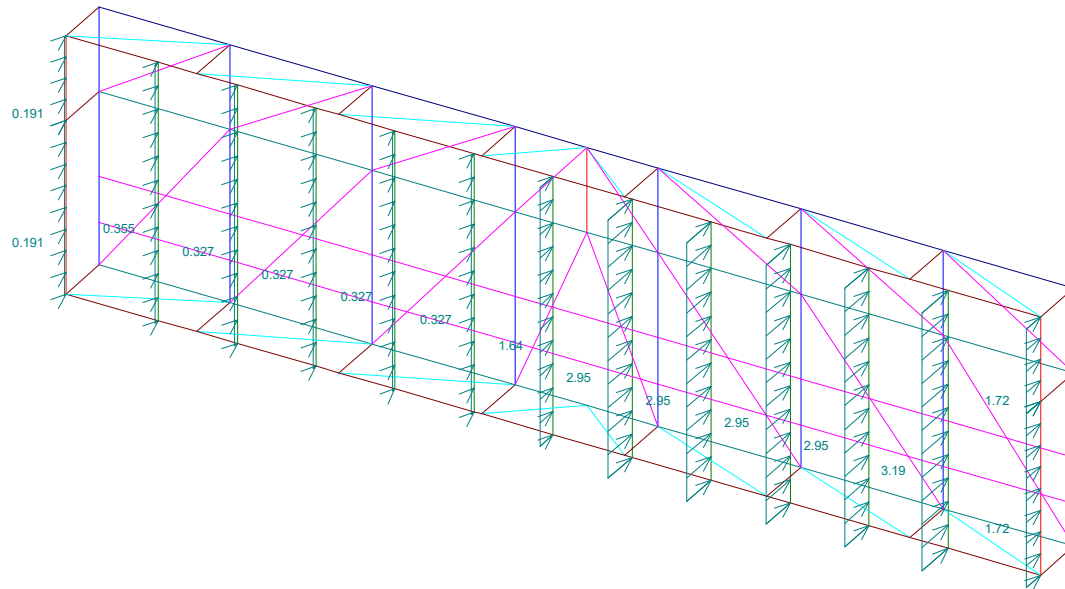
LC10 Wu +Z - 45 e-

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:55:13 AM

Load Cases:
11 P Wu -Z - 45 e+(Ultimate Wind at -Z-dir)



theta: 300 phi: 30

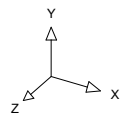
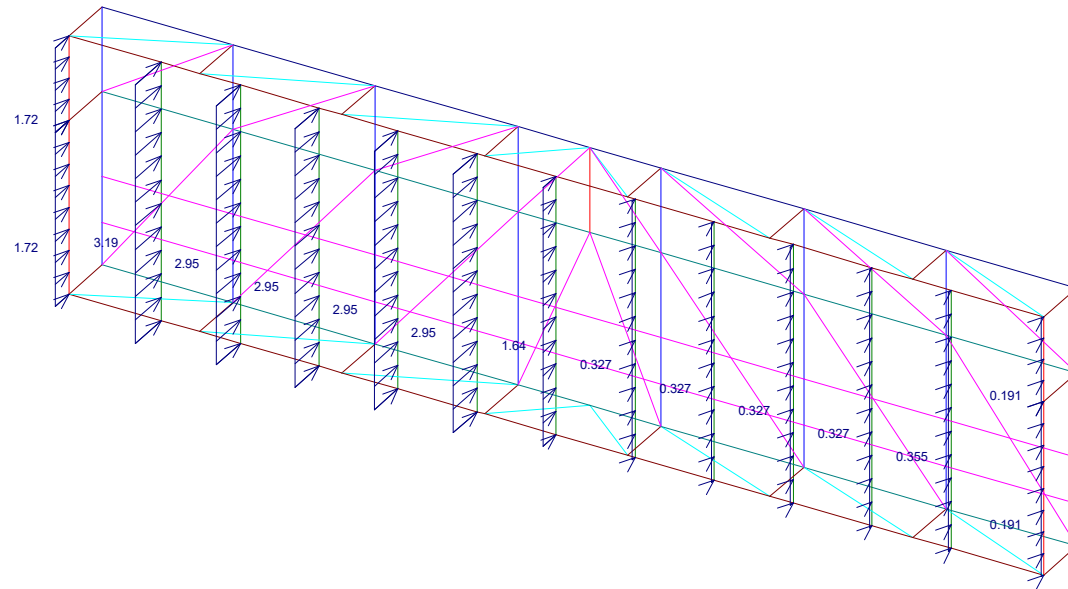
LC11 Wu -Z - 45 e+

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:56:03 AM

Load Cases:
12 P Wu -Z - 45 e-(Ultimate Wind at -Z-dir)



theta: 300 phi: 30

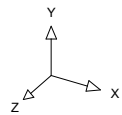
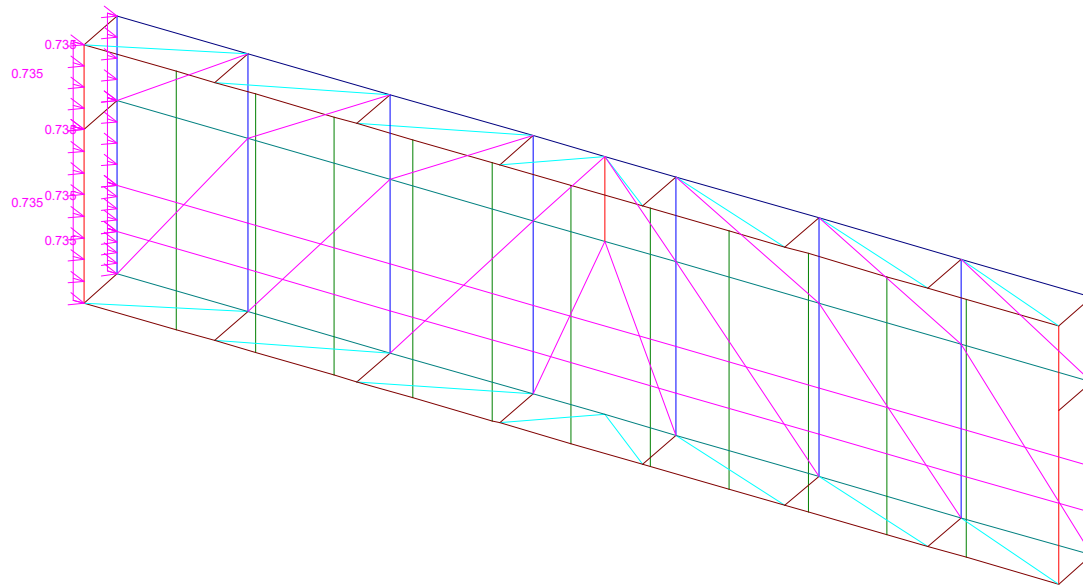
LC12 Wu -Z - 45 e-

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:56:49 AM

Load Cases:
13 P Wu +X (Ultimate Wind at +X-dir)



theta: 300 phi: 30

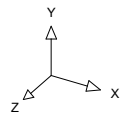
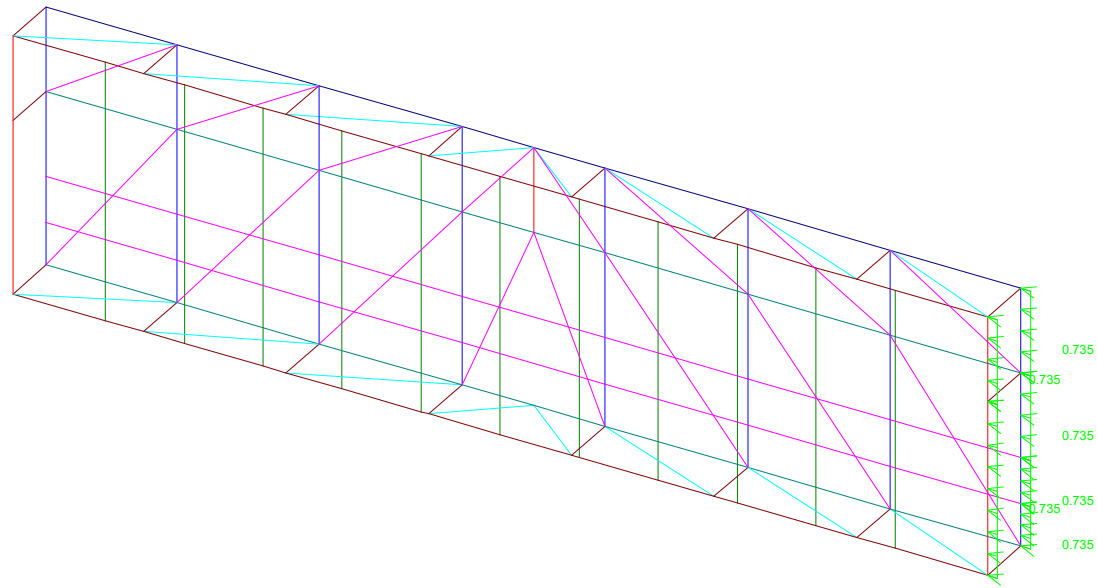
LC13 Wu +X

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:57:28 AM

Load Cases:
14 P Wu -X (Ultimate Wind at -X-dir)



theta: 300 phi: 30

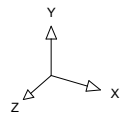
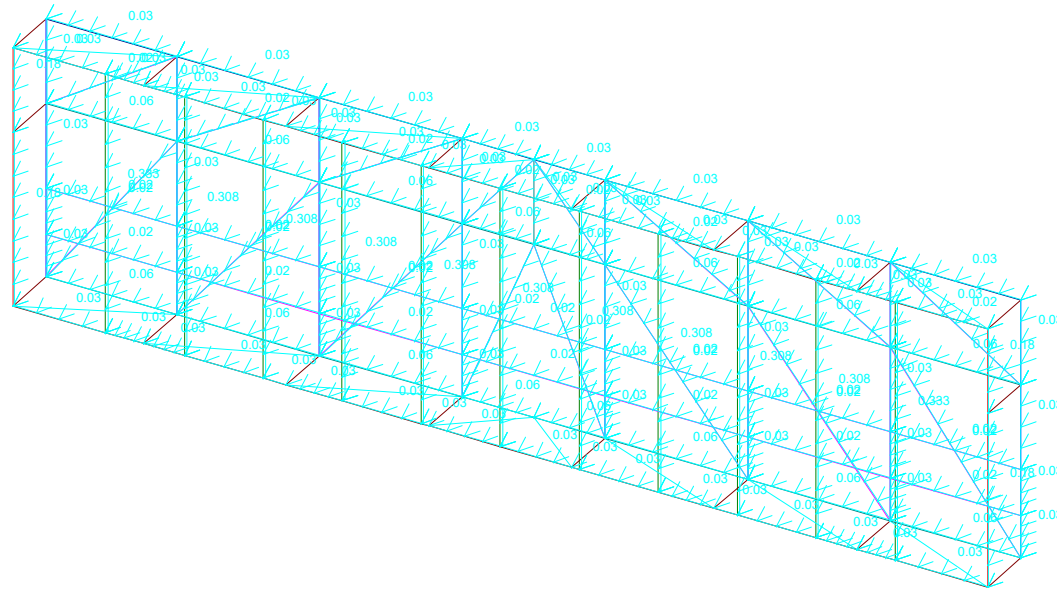
LC14 Wu -X

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:58:18 AM

Load Cases:
60 P PNW (Natural Wind Gust Fatigue Load)



theta: 300 phi: 30

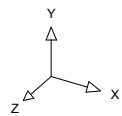
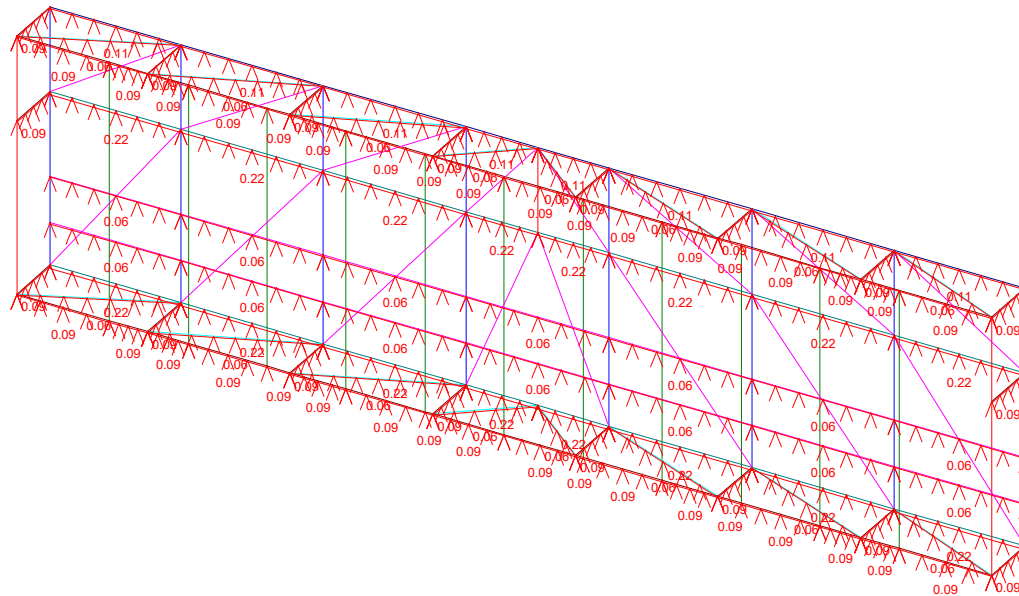
LC60 Natural Wind Gust Fatigue Load

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:58:56 AM

Load Cases:
61 P PTG (Truck-Induced Gust Fatigue Load)



theta: 300 phi: 30

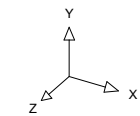
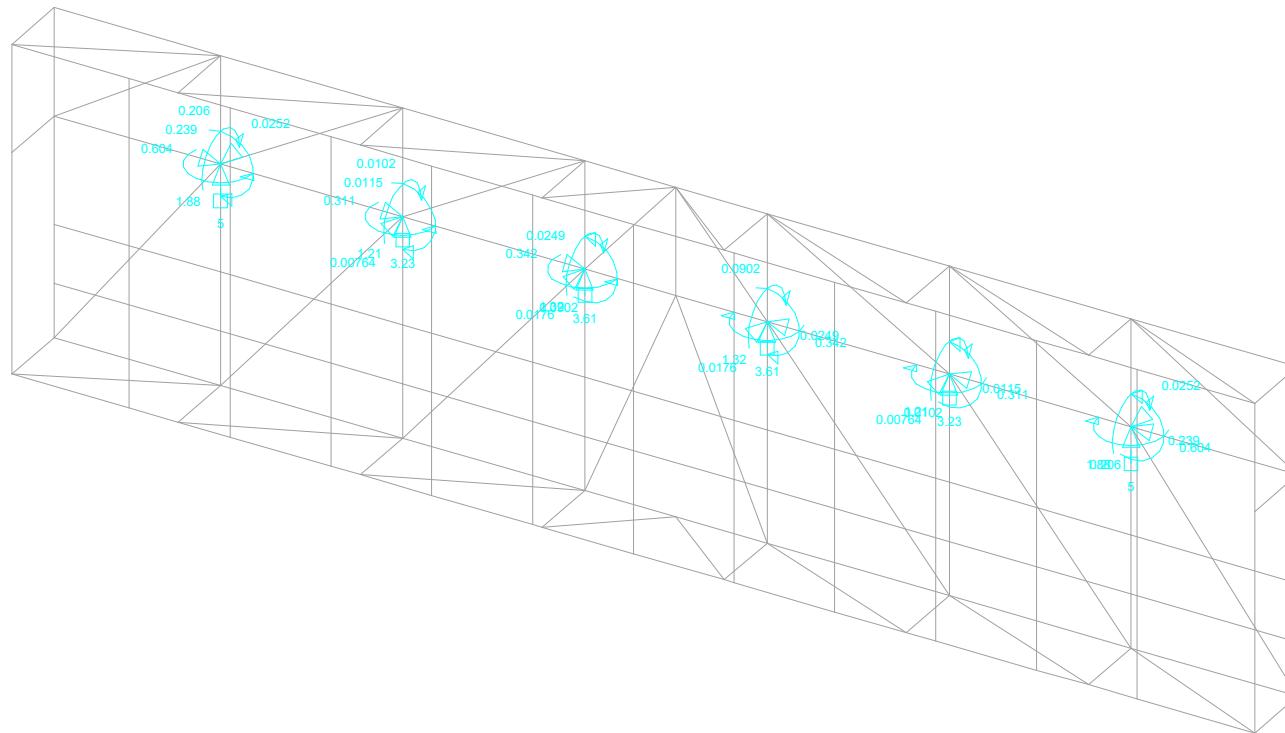
LC61 Truck-Induced Gust Fatigue Load

Microtran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:44:15 AM

Load Cases:
3 P Q



theta: 300 phi: 30

Support Reactions (LC3)

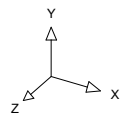
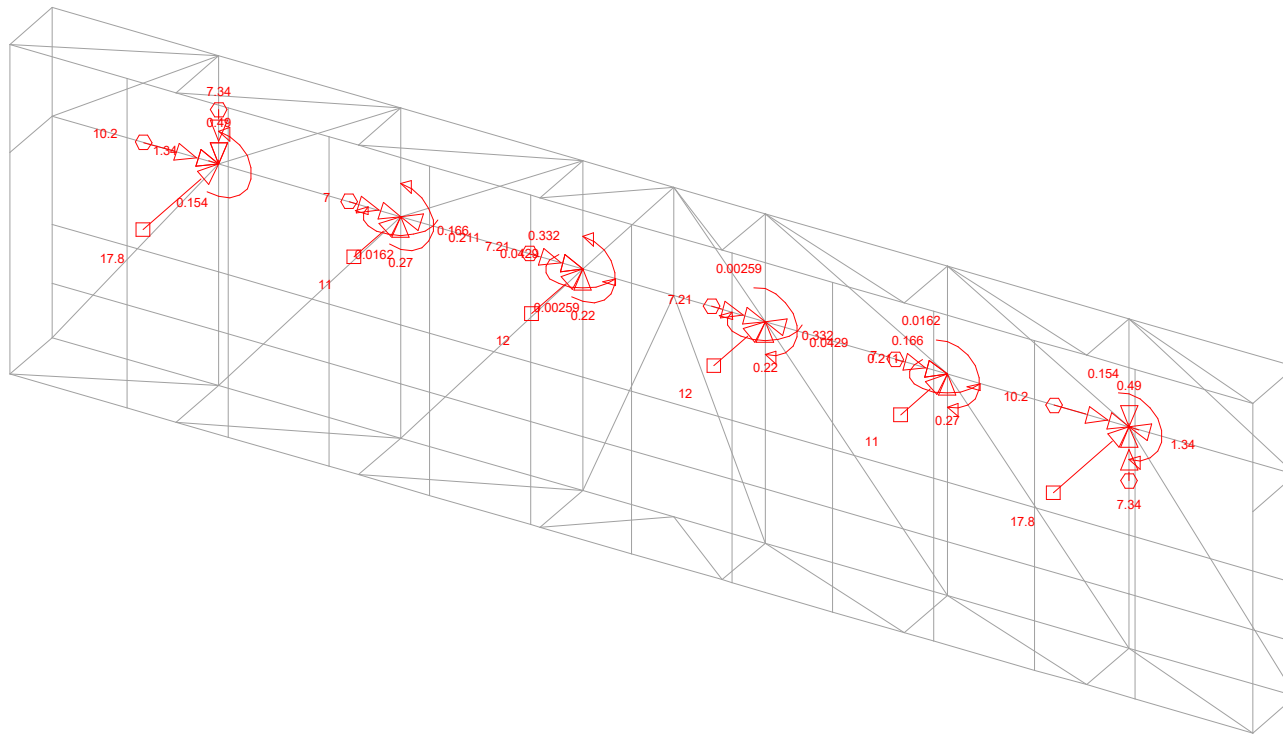
Support Reactions

Microstran V9

pilongoh5706
Job: Hunters Hill Bridge Signage c 08072019 (with supports)
Kingsford Smith Drive

13/08/2019
10:45:32 AM

Load Cases:
4 P Wu +Z



theta: 300 phi: 30

Support Reactions (LC4)

Support Reactions

SUBJECT

H. Hunters Hill Bridge Reaction Forces

SUBJECT

CALCULATIONS

OUTPUT

Distance of Signboard (CG) to Girder (CG)	1.195	m
Distance of top Girder to Girder (CG)	0.6956	m
Length of signboard	12.63	m

Dead Load

Node	Case	FX	FY	FZ	MX	MY	MZ
44	8	1.555	13.046	0.026	-5.105	0.503	-0.553
45	8	0.581	7.874	0.052	-3.330	0.034	-0.033
46	8	0.512	8.541	-0.079	-3.653	0.076	0.127
47	8	-0.512	8.541	-0.079	-3.653	-0.076	-0.127
48	8	-0.581	7.874	0.052	-3.330	-0.034	0.033
49	8	-1.555	13.046	0.026	-5.105	-0.503	0.553
Sum		0.000	58.920	0.000	-24.175	0.000	0.000
Equivalent Line Load		4.665		kN/m			

Dead Load

Equivalent Line Load	4.665	kN/m
Moment due to dead load	5.575	KNm/m

Reaction forces from the signage are transferred to the center of gravity of the supporting girder hence inducing additional moment

Live Load

Node	Case	FX	FY	FZ	MX	MY	MZ
44	3	0.604	4.997	0.025	-1.882	0.239	-0.206
45	3	0.311	3.230	-0.008	-1.211	0.012	-0.010
46	3	0.342	3.613	-0.018	-1.321	0.025	0.090
47	3	-0.342	3.613	-0.018	-1.321	-0.025	-0.090
48	3	-0.311	3.230	-0.008	-1.211	-0.012	0.010
49	3	-0.604	4.997	0.025	-1.882	-0.239	0.206
Sum		0.000	23.682	0.000	-8.829	0.000	0.000
Equivalent Line Load		1.875		kN/m			

Live Load

Equivalent Line Load	1.875	kN/m
Moment due to dead load	2.241	KNm/m

SUBJECT

H. Hunters Hill Bridge Reaction Forces

SUBJECT

CALCULATIONS

OUTPUT

Distance of Signboard (CG) to Girder (CG)	1.195	m
Distance of top Girder to Girder (CG)	0.6956	m
Length of signboard	12.63	m

Wind Load

Node	Case	FX	FY	FZ	MX	MY	MZ
44	4	1.341	-0.490	-17.789	10.153	-7.340	0.154
45	4	-0.211	0.270	-10.953	7.002	-0.166	0.016
46	4	0.043	0.220	-11.995	7.208	0.332	0.003
47	4	-0.043	0.220	-11.995	7.208	-0.332	-0.003
48	4	0.211	0.270	-10.953	7.002	0.166	-0.016
49	4	-1.341	-0.490	-17.789	10.153	7.340	-0.154
Sum		0.000	0.000	-81.474	48.725	0.000	0.000
Equivalent Line Load		6.451		kN/m			

Wind Load

Equivalent Line Load	6.451	kN/m
Moment due to wind load	4.487	KNm/m

SUBJECT

I. ETABS INPUT

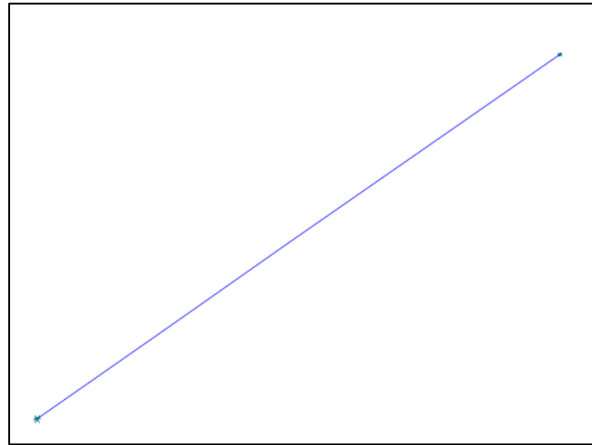
SUBJECT

CALCULATIONS

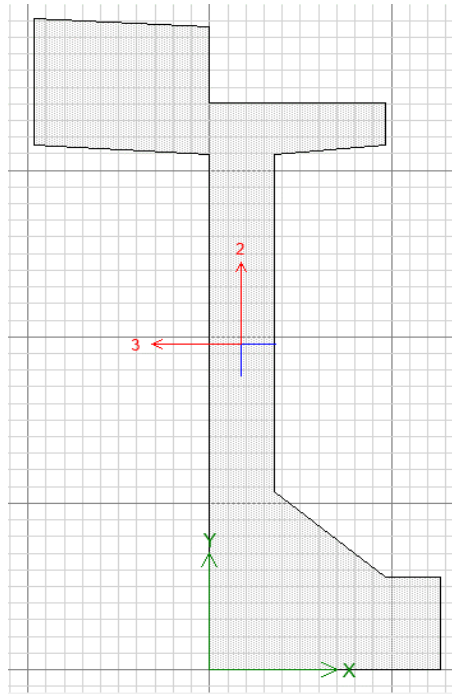
OUTPUT

11. SECTION PROPERTY

Structural Geometry



Properties of Girder Section



Properties

Item	Value
Area, cm2	6954.8
AS2, cm2	3395.8
AS3, cm2	5398.8
I33, cm4	31406917.4
I22, cm4	4382399.9
S33Pos, cm3	321651.3
S33Neg, cm3	320684
S22Pos, cm3	77207.6
S22Neg, cm3	79681.8
R33, mm	672
R22, mm	251
Z33, cm3	432411.3
Z22, cm3	132081
J, cm4	1519084.5
CG Offset 3 Dir, mm	892.9
CG Offset 2 Dir, mm	1055.6
PNA Offset 3 Dir, mm	0
PNA Offset 2 Dir, mm	0

SUBJECT

Hunters Hill Bridge Loadings

SUBJECT

CALCULATIONS

OUTPUT

I.2 LOAD VALUES

Dead Load

Member	Unit weight	Area	Line Load	Lever Arm	Moment
	kN/m ³	m ²	kN/m	m	KNm/m
Girder	25.5	0.6958	17.74	-	-
Slab	25.5	0.1203	3.07	0.92	2.83
Hand Rail	-	-	1.00	0.33	0.33

Member	Unit weight	Area	Load	Lever Arm	Moment
	kN/m ³	m ²	kN	m	KNm/m
Post	77.0	0.0728	6.00	0.33	1.97

Member	Pressure	Width	Load	Lever Arm	Moment
	kPa	m	kN	m	KNm/m
Services	2.0	1.1176	2.24	-	-

Live Load

Member	Pressure	Width	Load	Lever Arm	Moment
	kPa	m	kN	m	KNm/m
Pedestrian	2.0	1.1176	2.24	-	-
Maintenance	2.0	1.1176	2.24	-	-

4 Loads

This chapter provides loading information as applied to the model.

4.1 Load Patterns

Table 4.1 - Load Patterns

Name	Type	Self Weight Multiplier	Auto Load
Dead	Dead	1	
LL (Maintenance)	Live	0	
LL (Pedestrian)	Live	0	
Wind	Wind	0	None
SDL (Slab)	Superimposed Dead	0	
SDL (Services)	Superimposed Dead	0	
SDL (Handrail + Post)	Superimposed Dead	0	
SDL (Signage)	Superimposed Dead	0	
LL (Gantry Signage)	Live	0	
Wind (Signage)	Wind	0	None

4.2 Applied Loads

4.2.1 Point Loads

Table 4.2 - Joint Loads - Force

Story	Label	Unique Name	Load Pattern	FX kN	FY kN	FZ kN	MX kN-m	MY kN-m	MZ kN-m	XDim mm	YDim mm
Base	1	1	SDL (Handrail + Post)	0	0	-6	1.965	0	0	0	0
Base	2	4	SDL (Handrail + Post)	0	0	-6	1.965	0	0	0	0
Base	5	2	SDL (Handrail + Post)	0	0	-6	1.965	0	0	0	0
Base	4	3	SDL (Handrail + Post)	0	0	-6	1.96	0	0	0	0

4.2.2 Line Loads

Table 4.3 - Frame Loads - Distributed (Part 1 of 2)

Story	Label	Unique Name	Design Type	Load Pattern	LoadType	Direction	Relative Distance Start	Relative Distance End	Absolute Distance Start mm
Base	B6	3	Beam	LL (Maintenance)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B1	4	Beam	LL (Maintenance)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B7	7	Beam	LL (Maintenance)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	LL (Maintenance)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	LL (Maintenance)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B6	3	Beam	LL (Pedestrian)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B1	4	Beam	LL (Pedestrian)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B7	7	Beam	LL (Pedestrian)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	LL (Pedestrian)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	LL (Pedestrian)	Force	Gravity	1	1	8322
Base	B3	2	Beam	LL (Pedestrian)	Force	Gravity	0	0	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	LL (Pedestrian)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B6	3	Beam	SDL (Slab)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B6	3	Beam	SDL (Slab)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B1	4	Beam	SDL (Slab)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B1	4	Beam	SDL (Slab)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0

Table 4.3 - Frame Loads - Distributed (Part 1 of 2, continued)

Story	Label	Unique Name	Design Type	Load Pattern	LoadType	Direction	Relative Distance Start	Relative Distance End	Absolute Distance Start mm
Base	B7	7	Beam	SDL (Slab)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B7	7	Beam	SDL (Slab)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	SDL (Slab)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	SDL (Slab)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	SDL (Slab)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	SDL (Slab)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B6	3	Beam	SDL (Services)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B1	4	Beam	SDL (Services)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B7	7	Beam	SDL (Services)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	SDL (Services)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	SDL (Services)	Force	Gravity	1	1	8322
Base	B3	2	Beam	SDL (Services)	Force	Gravity	0	0	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	SDL (Services)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B6	3	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B6	3	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B1	4	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B1	4	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B7	7	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B7	7	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Moment	Global-X	1	1	8322
Base	B3	2	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Moment	Global-X	0	0	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	SDL (Handrail + Post)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	SDL (Signage)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	SDL (Signage)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	SDL (Signage)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	SDL (Signage)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	LL (Gantry Signage)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	LL (Gantry Signage)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	LL (Gantry Signage)	Force	Gravity	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	LL (Gantry Signage)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B6	3	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Force	Global-Y	0	1	0
Base	B6	3	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B1	4	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Force	Global-Y	0	1	0
Base	B1	4	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B7	7	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Force	Global-Y	0	1	0
Base	B7	7	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Force	Global-Y	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Force	Global-Y	0	1	0
Base	B2	1	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Force	Global-Y	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Force	Global-Y	0	1	0
Base	B3	2	Beam	Wind (Signage)	Moment	Global-X	0	1	0

Table 4.3 - Frame Loads - Distributed (Part 2 of 2)

Story	Label	Unique Name	Absolute Distance End mm	Force at Start kN/m	Force at End kN/m	Moment at Start kN-m/m	Moment at End kN-m/m
Base	B6	3	14834	2.24	2.24		
Base	B1	4	6560	2.24	2.24		
Base	B7	7	10541	2.24	2.24		
Base	B2	1	8322	2.24	2.24		
Base	B3	2	4308	2.24	2.24		
Base	B6	3	14834	2.24	2.24		
Base	B1	4	6560	2.24	2.24		
Base	B7	7	10541	2.24	2.24		
Base	B2	1	8322	2.24	2.24		
Base	B2	1	8322	2.24	2.24		
Base	B3	2	0	2.24	2.24		
Base	B3	2	4308	2.24	2.24		
Base	B6	3	14834			-2.83	-2.83
Base	B6	3	14834	3.07	3.07		
Base	B1	4	6560			-2.83	-2.83
Base	B1	4	6560	3.07	3.07		
Base	B7	7	10541			-2.83	-2.83
Base	B7	7	10541	3.07	3.07		
Base	B2	1	8322			-2.83	-2.83
Base	B2	1	8322	3.07	3.07		
Base	B3	2	4308			-2.83	-2.83
Base	B3	2	4308	3.07	3.07		
Base	B6	3	14834	2.24	2.24		
Base	B1	4	6560	2.24	2.24		
Base	B7	7	10541	2.24	2.24		
Base	B2	1	8322	2.24	2.24		
Base	B2	1	8322	2.24	2.24		
Base	B3	2	0	2.24	2.24		
Base	B3	2	4308	2.24	2.24		
Base	B6	3	14834			0.328	0.328
Base	B6	3	14834	1	1		
Base	B1	4	6560			0.328	0.328
Base	B1	4	6560	1	1		
Base	B7	7	10541			0.328	0.328
Base	B7	7	10541	1	1		
Base	B2	1	8322	1	1		
Base	B2	1	8322			0.328	0.328
Base	B2	1	8322			0.328	0.328
Base	B3	2	4308	1	1		
Base	B3	2	0			0.328	0.328
Base	B3	2	4308			0.328	0.328
Base	B2	1	8322	4.665	4.665		
Base	B2	1	8322			5.575	5.575
Base	B3	2	4308	4.665	4.665		
Base	B3	2	4308			5.575	5.575
Base	B2	1	8322	1.875	1.875		
Base	B2	1	8322			2.241	2.241

Table 4.3 - Frame Loads - Distributed (Part 2 of 2, continued)

Story	Label	Unique Name	Absolute Distance End mm	Force at Start kN/m	Force at End kN/m	Moment at Start kN-m/m	Moment at End kN-m/m
Base	B3	2	4308	1.875	1.875		
Base	B3	2	4308			2.241	2.241
Base	B6	3	14834	-0.45	-0.45		
Base	B6	3	14834			0.3	0.3
Base	B1	4	6560	-0.45	-0.45		
Base	B1	4	6560			0.3	0.3
Base	B7	7	10541	-0.45	-0.45		
Base	B7	7	10541			0.3	0.3
Base	B2	1	8322			4.487	4.487
Base	B2	1	8322	-6.451	-6.451		
Base	B2	1	8322	-0.45	-0.45		
Base	B2	1	8322			0.3	0.3
Base	B3	2	4308			4.487	4.487
Base	B3	2	4308	-6.451	-6.451		
Base	B3	2	4308	-0.45	-0.45		
Base	B3	2	4308			0.3	0.3

I.3 LOAD CASES AND COMBINATIONS

4.3 Load Cases

Table 4.4 - Load Cases - Summary

Name	Type
Dead	Linear Static
Live (M)	Linear Static
Live (P)	Linear Static
Wind	Linear Static
SDL (Slab)	Linear Static
SDL (Services)	Linear Static
SDL (Handrail + Post)	Linear Static
SDL (Signage)	Linear Static
LL (Gantry Signage)	Linear Static
SDL (Total)	Linear Static
Wind (Signage)	Linear Static


4.4 Load Combinations

Table 4.5 - Load Combinations

Name	Load Case/Combo	Scale Factor	Type	Auto
ULS1: 1.0G + 0.6Q(Pedestrian) + 1.0Wu	Dead	1	Linear Add	No
ULS1: 1.0G + 0.6Q(Pedestrian) + 1.0Wu	Live (P)	0.6		No
ULS1: 1.0G + 0.6Q(Pedestrian) + 1.0Wu	Wind	1		No
ULS1: 1.0G + 0.6Q(Pedestrian) + 1.0Wu	SDL (Total)	1		No
ULS2: 1.2SW + 1.4SDL + 1.5LL(Maintenance)	Dead	1.2	Linear Add	No
ULS2: 1.2SW + 1.4SDL + 1.5LL(Maintenance)	SDL (Total)	1.4		No
ULS2: 1.2SW + 1.4SDL + 1.5LL(Maintenance)	Live (M)	1.5		No
ULS3: 1.2SW + 1.4SDL + 1.5LL(Gantry)	Dead	1.2	Linear Add	No
ULS3: 1.2SW + 1.4SDL + 1.5LL(Gantry)	SDL (Total)	1.4		No
ULS3: 1.2SW + 1.4SDL + 1.5LL(Gantry)	LL (Gantry Signage)	1.5		No

Table 4.5 - Load Combinations (continued)

Name	Load Case/Combo	Scale Factor	Type	Auto
ULS4: 1.0G + 1.0Wu	Dead	1	Linear Add	No
ULS4: 1.0G + 1.0Wu	SDL (Total)	1		No
ULS4: 1.0G + 1.0Wu	Wind (Signage)	1		No
Envelope	ULS1: 1.0G + 0.6Q(Pedestrian) + 1.0Wu	1	Envelope	No
Envelope	ULS2: 1.2SW + 1.4SDL + 1.5LL(Maintenance)	1		No
Envelope	ULS3: 1.2SW + 1.4SDL + 1.5LL(Gantry)	1		No
Envelope	ULS4: 1.0G + 1.0Wu	1		No
ULS5: 1.0G + 1.0Wu (-)	Dead	1	Linear Add	No
ULS5: 1.0G + 1.0Wu (-)	SDL (Total)	1		No
ULS5: 1.0G + 1.0Wu (-)	Wind (Signage)	-1		No
ULS6: 1.0G + 0.6Q(Pedestrian) + 1.0Wu (-)	Dead	1	Linear Add	No
ULS6: 1.0G + 0.6Q(Pedestrian) + 1.0Wu (-)	Live (P)	0.6		No
ULS6: 1.0G + 0.6Q(Pedestrian) + 1.0Wu (-)	Wind	-1		No
ULS6: 1.0G + 0.6Q(Pedestrian) + 1.0Wu (-)	SDL (Total)	1		No

DOCUMENT No		SHEET	
			
SUBJECT			
Hunters Hill Bridge Load Combination			
CALCULATIONS			OUTPUT

J. ETABS OUTPUT

Summary of Member Forces (Taken from ETABS)

Member	Case	P	V2	V3	T	M2	M3
		kN	kN	kN	kNm	kNm	kNm
B1	ULS 2	0.0	-803.7	0.0	-5.2	0.0	0.0
B1	ULS5	0.0	-575.9	-68.0	-50.7	0.0	0.0
B2	ULS 4	0.0	-420.5	65.0	57.7	-436.2	3268.2
B3	ULS 4	0.0	-151.3	1.0	-17.2	-742.3	5943.0
B7	ULS2	0.0	0.8	0.0	-30.9	0.0	8871.3

Maximum	Value	Unit
P	0.0	kN
V2	-803.7	kN
V3	-68.0	kN
T	57.7	kNm
M2	-742.3	kNm
M3	8871.3	kNm

SUBJECT

Hunters Hill Bridge

SUBJECT

CALCULATIONS

OUTPUT

Member Forces (Shear Major Axis)

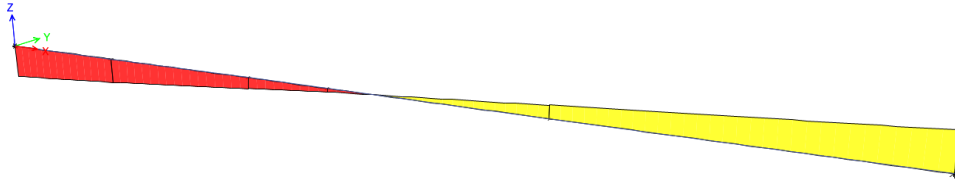


Diagram for Beam B1 at Story Base (L1)

Load Case/Load Combination: Load Case Load Combination Modal Case
 ULS2: 1.2SW + 1.4SDL + 1.5L

End Offset Location: I-End 0.0000 m, J-End 6.5600 m, Length 6.5600 m

Component: Major (V2 and M3) Display Location: Show Max Scroll for Values

Shear V2: -803.6735 kN at 0.0000 m

Moment M3: 4560.7857 kN-m at 6.5600 m

Deflection (Down +): I End Jt: 1, J End Jt: 3, 1.064 mm at 3.7486 m

Absolute Relative to Frame Minimum Relative to Beam Ends Relative to Story Minimum

Done

SUBJECT

Hunters Hill Bridge

SUBJECT

CALCULATIONS

OUTPUT

Member Forces (Shear Minor Axis)



Diagram for Beam B1 at Story Base (L1)

Load Case/Load Combination: Load Case Load Combination Modal Case
 ULS5: 1.0G + 1.0Wu (-)

End Offset Location: I-End 0.0000 m, J-End 6.5600 m, Length 6.5600 m

Component: Minor (V3 and M2) | Display Location: Show Max Scroll for Values

Shear V3: -67.9627 kN at 0.0000 m

Moment M2: 436.1527 kN-m at 6.5600 m

Deflection (Down +): I End Jt: 1, J End Jt: 3, 0.693 mm at 3.7486 m

Absolute Relative to Frame Minimum Relative to Beam Ends Relative to Story Minimum

Done

SUBJECT

Hunters Hill Bridge

SUBJECT

CALCULATIONS

OUTPUT

Member Forces (Torsion)

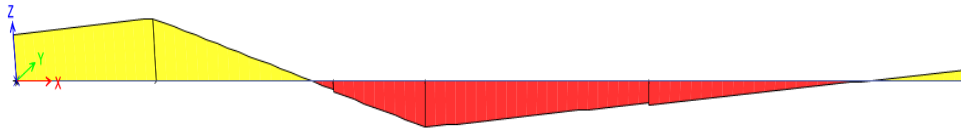


Diagram for Beam B1 at Story Base (L1)

Load Case/Load Combination: Load Case Load Combination Modal Case
 ULS4: 1.0G + 1.0Wu

End Offset Location: I-End 0.0000 m, J-End 6.5600 m, Length 6.5600 m

Component: Axial (P and T) | Display Location: Show Max Scroll for Values

Axial Force P: 0.0000 kN at 6.5600 m

Torsion T: 57.6990 kN-m at 6.5600 m

Deflection (Down +): I End Jt: 1, J End Jt: 3, 0.000 mm at 6.5600 m

Absolute Relative to Frame Minimum Relative to Beam Ends Relative to Story Minimum

Done

SUBJECT

Hunters Hill Bridge

SUBJECT

CALCULATIONS

OUTPUT

Member Forces (Moment-minor axis)

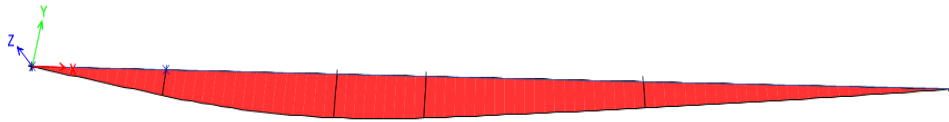


Diagram for Beam B3 at Story Base (L1)

Load Case/Load Combination: Load Case Load Combination Modal Case
 ULS4: 1.0G + 1.0Wu

End Offset Location: I-End 0.0000 m, J-End 4.3080 m, Length 4.3080 m

Component: Minor (V3 and M2) | Display Location: Show Max Scroll for Values

Shear V3: -22.1464 kN at 4.3080 m

Moment M2: -742.3083 kN-m at 0.9573 m

Deflection (Down +): I End Jt: 4, J End Jt: 6, -0.962 mm at 1.9147 m

Absolute Relative to Frame Minimum Relative to Beam Ends Relative to Story Minimum

Done

SUBJECT

Hunters Hill Bridge

SUBJECT

CALCULATIONS

OUTPUT

Member Forces (Moment-major axis)

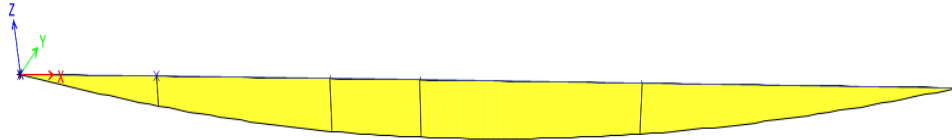


Diagram for Beam B7 at Story Base (L1)

Load Case/Load Combination: Load Case Load Combination Modal Case
 ULS2: 1.2SW + 1.4SDL + 1.5L

End Offset Location: I-End 0.0000 m, J-End 10.5410 m, Length 10.5410 m

Component: Major (V2 and M3) | Display Location: Show Max Scroll for Values


Shear V2: 270.0763 kN at 10.5410 m

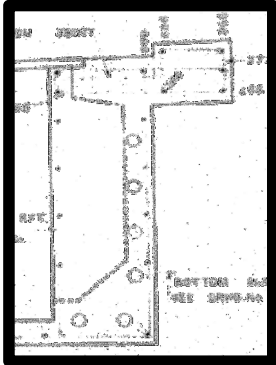
Moment M3: 8871.3404 kN-m at 2.3957 m

Deflection (Down +): I End Jt: 6, J End Jt: 2, 9.569 mm at 5.2705 m

Absolute Relative to Frame Minimum Relative to Beam Ends Relative to Story Minimum

Done

	DOCUMENT No	SHEET																																				
SUBJECT																																						
K. SHEAR AND TORSION CHECKS (Major axis)																																						
REFERENCE	CALCULATIONS	OUTPUT																																				
	<p>Design Parameters</p> <p>Shear Force, V* = 803.7 kN</p> <p>Torsion Force, T* = 58 kNm</p> <p>Moment, M* = 8871.3 kNm</p> <p>PT Force, Pv = 5760 kN</p> <p>Axial Force, N* = 0 kN</p> <p>Section Properties</p> <p>Shape = Irregular (input rectangular or irregular)</p> <p>Beam width, bv = 180 mm</p> <p>Beam depth, h = 1930.4 mm</p> <p>Concrete cover, cc = 25 mm</p> <p>Material Properties</p> <p>Concrete elastic modulus, Ec = 40000 MPa</p> <p>Steel elastic modulus, Es = 200000 MPa</p> <p>Pre steel elastic modulus, Ep = 200000 MPa</p> <p>Concrete strength, fc = 50 MPa</p> <p>Shear strength, fy = 400 MPa</p> <p>Prestress yield strength = 0 MPa</p> <p>Other Parameters</p> <p>Links</p> <p>Number of Legs = 2</p> <p>Diameter, d = 10 mm</p> <p>Provided spacing, s = 300 mm</p> <p>Effective depth, de = 1889.4 mm</p> <p>Reinforcements</p> <p>Number of Layers = 0</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="280 1276 941 1456"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layers</th> <th>Diameter</th> <th>Number</th> <th>Area</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Layer 1</td> <td>12</td> <td>0.001</td> <td>0.1131 mm²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Layer 2</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0 mm²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Layer 3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0 mm²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Layer 4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0 mm²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reinforcement</td> <td>5434.1131</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Area of shear reinforcement, Asv = 157 mm²</p> <p>Asv/s = 0.52 mm²/mm</p> <p>Asw/s = 0.26 mm²/mm</p> <p>Area of pre steel used = 9120.73 mm²</p> <p>Equivalent factored shear force</p> <p>Eq. 8.2.1.2(4) (a) For solid sections:</p> $V_{eq}^* = \sqrt{(V^*)^2 + \left[\frac{0.9T^*u_b}{2A_c} \right]^2}$ <p>Veq* = 970.83515 kN</p> <p>Critical Torsion</p> <p>Eq. 8.2.1.2(2)</p> $T_{cr} = 0.33\sqrt{f'_c} \frac{A_{cp}^2}{p_c} \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{\sigma_{cp}}{0.33\sqrt{f'_c}} \right)}$ <table border="1" data-bbox="280 1993 1181 2116"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>For rectangular</th> <th>For irregular</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Area of outside perimeter, Acp</td> <td>347472 mm²</td> <td>695400 mm²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Outside perimeter of concrete, pc</td> <td>4220.8 mm</td> <td>6500 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Average prestress intensity, σcp</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Layers	Diameter	Number	Area	Layer 1	12	0.001	0.1131 mm ²	Layer 2	0	0	0 mm ²	Layer 3			0 mm ²	Layer 4			0 mm ²	Reinforcement	5434.1131				For rectangular	For irregular	Area of outside perimeter, Acp	347472 mm ²	695400 mm ²	Outside perimeter of concrete, pc	4220.8 mm	6500 mm	Average prestress intensity, σcp	0	0	
Layers	Diameter	Number	Area																																			
Layer 1	12	0.001	0.1131 mm ²																																			
Layer 2	0	0	0 mm ²																																			
Layer 3			0 mm ²																																			
Layer 4			0 mm ²																																			
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Area of outside perimeter, Acp	347472 mm ²	695400 mm ²																																				
Outside perimeter of concrete, pc	4220.8 mm	6500 mm																																				
Average prestress intensity, σcp	0	0																																				

	Tcr = Not Applicable kNm	173.6020935 kNm	
ARCADIS	DOCUMENT No	SHEET	
SUBJECT: SHEAR AND TORSION CHECKS			
REFERENCE	CALCULATIONS		OUTPUT
	<p>Checking</p> <p>a. $V^* > 0.5\Phi(V_{uc} + P_v)$</p> <p style="text-align: right;">803.7 < 2055.3 No need to provide shear reinforcement</p> <p>b. $T^* > 0.25\Phi T_{cr}$</p> <p style="text-align: right;">58 > 30.38 Provide torsional reinforcement</p> <p>c. $D > 750$</p> <p style="text-align: right;">1930.4 > 750 Provide shear reinforcement</p> <p>Reinforcement Checks</p> <p>Torsion Design</p> <p>Required Torsional Reinforcement</p> $\frac{A_{sw}}{s} = \frac{T^*/\Phi}{2A_o f_{sy}.f \cot \theta_v} = 0.12997775$ <p>Spacing = 604.255849 <i>USE</i> 600 mm</p> <p>Torsional Reinforcement Spacing</p> <p>$s_{max} = 0.12u_t$ or 300 mm (min)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">0.12u_t = 467.136 or 300 mm</p> <p><i>USE</i> 300 mm</p> <p>Spacing required = 300 mm</p> <p>Spacing used = 300 mm Spacing is adequate against torsion</p> <p>Minimum transverse shear reinforcement</p> $\frac{0.06 \sqrt{f_c} b_v}{f_{sy}.f} = 0.19091883$ $\frac{0.35 b_v}{f_{sy}.f} = 0.1575$ <p>Remarks adequate reinforcement</p> <p>Shear Design</p> <p>Concrete Shear Strength</p> <p>Method Used: General</p> <p>V_{uc} = 112.246512 kNm</p> <p>$\theta_v = 41.1111225$ degrees</p> <p>General Method</p> <p>Cl. 8.2.4.1 * V_{uc} = k_v √(f_c) b_v d_v = 112.246512 kN</p> <p>Effective Shear depth = 1744 mm</p> <p>Cl. 8.2.4.6 k_v = 0.0505672</p>		 <p style="text-align: center;">A_o considered</p> $k_v = \left[\frac{0.4}{(1 + 1500\varepsilon_x)} \right] \left[\frac{1300}{1000 + k_{dg} d_g} \right]$ <p>where</p> $k_{dg} = \frac{32}{(16 + d_g)} \text{ but not less than } 0.80$ <p>d_g = maximum nominal aggregate size</p> <p style="text-align: right;">k_{dg} 1.0667</p> <p style="text-align: right;">d_g 14</p> <p style="text-align: right;">max aggregate size</p>

SUBJECT

SHEAR AND TORSION CHECKS

REFERENCE

CALCULATIONS

OUTPUT

Eq.8.2.4.4(3)

Moment

$$M^* \geq 8695.81151 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M^* = 8871.3 \text{ kNm}$$

 V^* and M^* are absolute values and

$$M^* \geq d_v \sqrt{(V^* - P_v)^2 + \left[\frac{0.9T^* p_h}{2A_o} \right]^2}$$

Cl. 8.2.4.4

ex for combined shear and torsion

$$\varepsilon_x = \frac{M^*/d_v + \sqrt{(V^* - P_v)^2 + \left[\frac{0.9T^* u_h}{2A_o} \right]^2} + 0.5N^* - A_{pt}f_{po}}{2(E_s A_{st} + E_p A_{pt})}$$

$$\varepsilon_x = \frac{M^*/d_v + \sqrt{(V^* - P_v)^2 + \left[\frac{0.9T^* u_h}{2A_o} \right]^2} + 0.5N^* - A_{pt}f_{po}}{2(E_s A_{st} + E_p A_{pt} + E_c A_{ct})}$$

$$\varepsilon_x \geq 0$$

$$\varepsilon_x \geq -0.2 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\varepsilon_x \leq +3.0 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\varepsilon_x \leq 0$$

$$\varepsilon_x = \mathbf{0.00173016}$$

Cl. 8.2.4.2

$$\theta_v = \mathbf{41.1111225}$$
 Prestressed

$$\theta_v = (29 + 7000\varepsilon_x) \geq 30^\circ \text{ for reinforced concrete members}$$

$$\geq 20^\circ \text{ for prestressed concrete members}$$

Required Shear Reinforcement

Cl. 8.2.3.1

$$V_{us \text{ req}} = V_{eq}/\Phi - (V_{uc} + P_v) = -4485.3392 \text{ kN}$$

Additional shear reinforcement is not required

Cl. 8.2.5.2

$$\frac{A_{sv}}{s} = \frac{V_{us}}{f_{sy} \cdot f_{do} \cdot \cot \theta_v} = \text{N/A}$$

$$S = \text{N/A} \quad \text{USE} \quad \mathbf{N/A} \quad \text{mm}$$

Cl. 8.3.2.2

Shear Reinforcement Spacing


$$s_{\text{max}} = 0.5D \text{ or } 300 \text{ mm (minimum)}$$

$$0.5D = 965.2 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{USE} \quad \mathbf{300} \quad \text{mm}$$

$$\text{Required Spacing} = 300 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Actual Spacing} = 300 \text{ mm} \quad \text{Spacing is adequate against shear}$$

	DOCUMENT No	SHEET																								
SUBJECT																										
SHEAR AND TORSION CHECKS (Minor axis)																										
REFERENCE	CALCULATIONS	OUTPUT																								
Eq. 8.2.1.2(4)	Design Parameters Shear Force, V* = 68 kN Torsion Force, T* = 52 kNm Moment, M* = 742 kNm PT Force, Pv = 0 kN Axial Force, N* = 0 kN	Capacity Reduction Factors Φ = 0.7 (Shear) Φ = 0.7 (Torsion)																								
	Section Properties Shape = Irregular (input rectangular or irregular) Beam width, bv = 1930.4 mm Beam depth, h = 180 mm Concrete cover, cc = 25 mm																									
Eq. 8.2.1.2(2)	Material Properties Concrete elastic modulus, Ec = 40000 MPa Steel elastic modulus, Es = 200000 MPa Pre steel elastic modulus, Ep = 200000 MPa Concrete strength, fc = 50 MPa Shear strength, fy = 400 MPa Prestress yield strength = 0 MPa																									
	Other Parameters Links Number of Legs = 2 Diameter, d = 10 mm Provided spacing, s = 300 mm Effective depth, de = 139 mm																									
Eq. 8.2.1.2(2)	Reinforcements Number of Layers = 0 <table border="1" data-bbox="280 1265 1327 1433"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layers</th> <th>Diameter</th> <th>Number</th> <th>Area</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Layer 1</td> <td>12</td> <td>0.001</td> <td>0.1131 mm²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Layer 2</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0 mm²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Layer 3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0 mm²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Layer 4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0 mm²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reinforcement</td> <td colspan="2">5434.1131</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Layers	Diameter	Number	Area	Layer 1	12	0.001	0.1131 mm ²	Layer 2	0	0	0 mm ²	Layer 3			0 mm ²	Layer 4			0 mm ²	Reinforcement	5434.1131			
	Layers	Diameter	Number	Area																						
Layer 1	12	0.001	0.1131 mm ²																							
Layer 2	0	0	0 mm ²																							
Layer 3			0 mm ²																							
Layer 4			0 mm ²																							
Reinforcement	5434.1131																									
Area of shear reinforcement, Asv = 157 mm ² Asv/s = 0.52 mm ² /mm Asw/s = 0.26 mm ² /mm Area of pre steel used = 9120.73 mm ²																										
Eq. 8.2.1.2(2)	Equivalent factored shear force (a) For solid sections: $V_{eq}^* = \sqrt{(V^*)^2 + \left[\frac{0.9T^*u_b}{2A_c} \right]^2}$ Veq* = 492.972891 kN																									
	Critical Torsion $T_{cr} = 0.33\sqrt{f'_c} \frac{A_{cp}^2}{p_c} \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{\sigma_{cp}}{0.33\sqrt{f'_c}} \right)}$ <table border="1" data-bbox="280 1993 1327 2116"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>For rectangular</th> <th>For irregular</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Area of outside perimeter, Acp =</td> <td>347472 mm²</td> <td>695400 mm²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Outside perimeter of concrete, pc =</td> <td>4220.8 mm</td> <td>6500 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Average prestress intensity, σcp =</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		For rectangular	For irregular	Area of outside perimeter, Acp =	347472 mm ²	695400 mm ²	Outside perimeter of concrete, pc =	4220.8 mm	6500 mm	Average prestress intensity, σcp =	0	0													
	For rectangular	For irregular																								
Area of outside perimeter, Acp =	347472 mm ²	695400 mm ²																								
Outside perimeter of concrete, pc =	4220.8 mm	6500 mm																								
Average prestress intensity, σcp =	0	0																								

Tcr = Not Applicable kNm 173.6020935 kNm

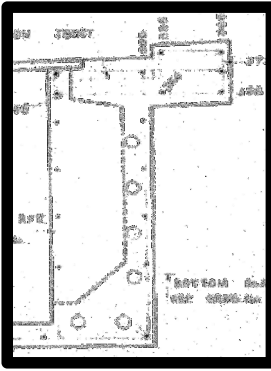


DOCUMENT No

SHEET

SUBJECT

SHEAR AND TORSION CHECKS

REFERENCE	CALCULATIONS	OUTPUT
	<p>Checking</p> <p>a. $V^* > 0.5\Phi(V_{uc} + P_v)$</p> <p>68 < 1207.9 No need to provide shear reinforcement</p> <p>b. $T^* > 0.25\Phi T_{cr}$</p> <p>52 > 30.38 Provide torsional reinforcement</p> <p>c. $D > 750$</p> <p>180 < 750 No need to provide shear reinforcement</p> <p>Reinforcement Checks</p> <p>Torsion Design</p> <p>Required Torsional Reinforcement</p> $\frac{A_{sw}}{s} = \frac{T^*/\Phi}{2A_o f_{sy}.f \cot \theta_v} = 0.07767125$ <p>Spacing = 1011.18262 <i>USE</i> 1000 mm</p> <p>Torsional Reinforcement Spacing</p> <p>$s_{max} = 0.12u_t$ or 300 mm (min)</p> <p>0.12u_t = 467.136 or 300 mm</p> <p><i>USE</i> 300 mm</p> <p>Spacing required = 300 mm</p> <p>Spacing used = 300 mm Spacing is adequate against torsion</p> <p>Minimum transverse shear reinforcement</p> $\frac{0.06 \sqrt{f_c} b_v}{f_{sy}.f} = 2.0474984$ $\frac{0.35 b_v}{f_{sy}.f} = 1.6891$ <p>Remarks adequate reinforcement</p> <p>Shear Design</p> <p>Concrete Shear Strength</p> <p>Method Used: General</p> <p>V_{uc} = 3451.19384 kNm</p> <p>$\theta_v = 30.1854509$ degrees</p> <p>General Method</p> <p>Cl. 8.2.4.1 * V_{uc} = k_v √(f_c) b_v d_v = 3451.19384 kN</p> <p>Effective Shear depth = 1744 mm</p> <p>Cl. 8.2.4.6 k_v = 0.14497415</p>	 <p>A_o considered</p> $k_v = \left[\frac{0.4}{(1 + 1500\varepsilon_x)} \right] \left[\frac{1300}{1000 + k_{dg} d_g} \right]$ <p>where</p> $k_{dg} = \frac{32}{(16 + d_g)} \text{ but not less than } 0.80$ <p>d_g = maximum nominal aggregate size</p> <p>kd_g 1.0667</p> <p>dg 14</p> <p>max aggregate size</p>

SUBJECT

SHEAR AND TORSION CHECKS

REFERENCE

CALCULATIONS

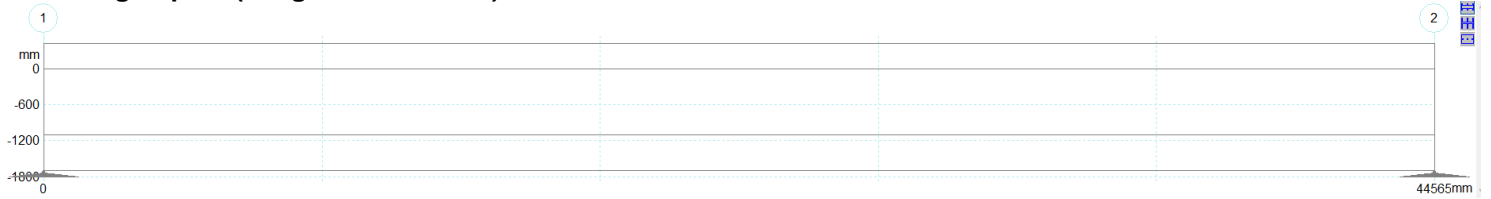
OUTPUT

Eq.8.2.4.4(3)	<p>Moment V^* and M^* are absolute values and</p> <p>$M^* \geq 859.744721$ kNm $M^* = 859.744721$ kNm</p> $M^* \geq d_v \sqrt{(V^* - P_v)^2 + \left[\frac{0.9T^* p_h}{2A_o} \right]^2}$	
Cl. 8.2.4.4	<p>ex for combined shear and torsion</p> $\varepsilon_x = \frac{M^*/d_v + \sqrt{(V^* - P_v)^2 + \left[\frac{0.9T^* u_h}{2A_o} \right]^2} + 0.5N^* - A_{pt}f_{po}}{2(E_s A_{st} + E_p A_{pt})}$ $\varepsilon_x = \frac{M^*/d_v + \sqrt{(V^* - P_v)^2 + \left[\frac{0.9T^* u_h}{2A_o} \right]^2} + 0.5N^* - A_{pt}f_{po}}{2(E_s A_{st} + E_p A_{pt} + E_c A_{ct})}$ <p>$\varepsilon_x \geq 0$ $\varepsilon_x \geq -0.2 \times 10^{-3}$</p> <p>$\varepsilon_x \leq +3.0 \times 10^{-3}$ $\varepsilon_x \leq 0$</p> <p>$\varepsilon_x = \mathbf{0.00016935}$</p>	
Cl. 8.2.4.2	<p>$\theta_v = \mathbf{30.1854509}$ Prestressed</p> <p>$\theta_v = (29 + 7000\varepsilon_x) \geq 30^\circ$ for reinforced concrete members $\geq 20^\circ$ for prestressed concrete members</p>	
Cl. 8.2.3.1	<p>Required Shear Reinforcement</p> <p>$V_{us\ req} = V_{eq}/\Phi - (V_{uc} + P_v) = -2746.9469$ kN</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Additional shear reinforcement is not required</p>	
Cl. 8.2.5.2	$\frac{A_{sv}}{s} = \frac{V_{us}}{f_{sy} \cdot f_{do} \cdot \cot \theta_v} = \text{N/A}$ <p>$s = \text{N/A}$ USE N/A mm</p>	

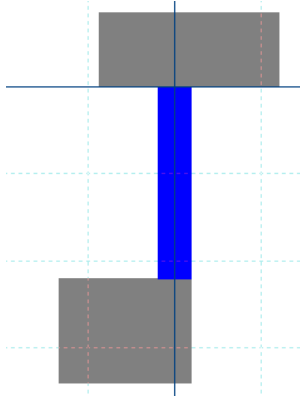
L. POST-TENSION REINFORCEMENT CHECK

RAPT inputs:

Bridge Span: (Length = 44565 mm)

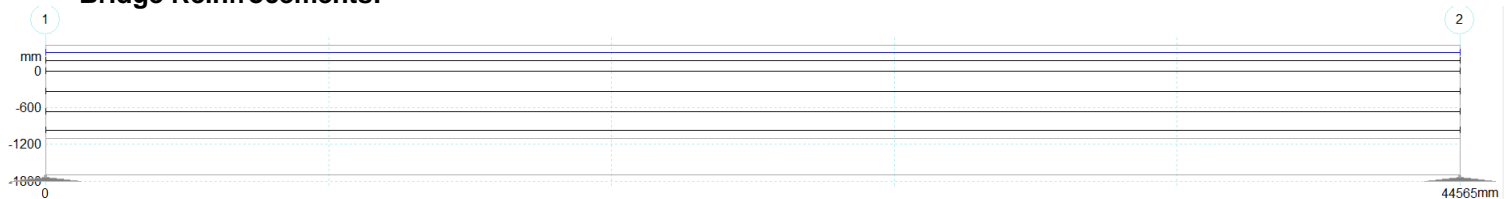


Girder Section used:



Layer Number						
	Aa	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
2	Upturn Layer	-427	430	600	430	600
3	Slab Panel	0	95	95	95	95
4	Effective Beam Flange	1100	95	95	95	95
5	Downturn Layer	1700	660	95	660	95

Bridge Reinforcements:



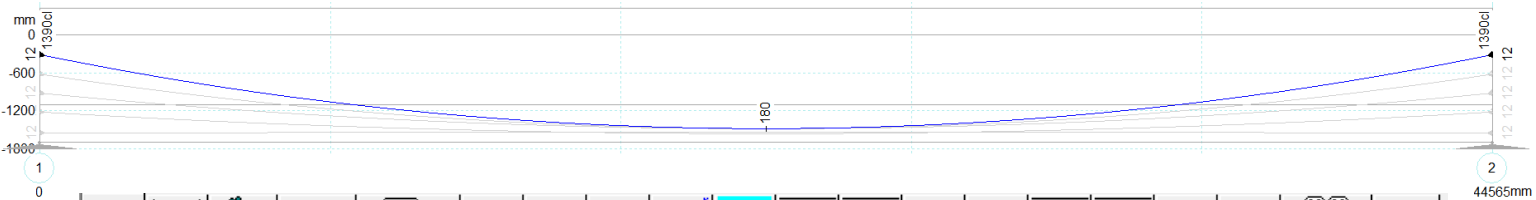
Top Bars:

Column Strip																		
	#	mm	mm	mm	%	%	#	mm	mm	mm	%	%	#	mm	%	y/n		
1	N 500M	1	0	0	120	100	100	2	0	0	120	100	100	10	6	0	0	X
2	N 500MPa	1	0	0	250	100	100	2	0	0	250	100	100	10	3	0	0	X

General Bars:

Column Strip																		
	#	mm	mm	mm	%	%	#	mm	mm	mm	%	%	#	mm	%	y/n		
1	N 500M	1	0	0	420	100	100	2	0	0	420	100	100	10	2	0	0	X
2	N 500MPa	1	0	0	750	100	100	2	0	0	750	100	100	10	2	0	0	X
3	N 500MPa	1	0	0	1090	100	100	2	0	0	1090	100	100	10	2	0	0	X
4	N 500MPa	1	0	0	1390	100	100	2	0	0	1390	100	100	10	2	0	0	X

Bridge Prestressing: (Assumed Prestressing Force = 124.38 kN)



	#	mm	mm	mm	#	mm	mm	#	mm	mm	y/n	#	mm	mm	y/n	mm		
1	Strand	12.7mm	MultiStrand	12	12	1	40	40	1	-0		3	0			Individual	44565	
2	Strand	12.7mm	MultiStrand	12	12	1	40	40	1	-0		3	0			Individual	44565	
3	Strand	12.7mm	MultiStrand	12	12	1	40	40	1	-0		3	0			Individual	44565	
4	Strand	12.7mm	MultiStrand	12	12	1	40	40	1	-0		3	0			Individual	44565	
5	Strand	12.7mm	MultiStrand	12	12	1	40	40	1	-0		3	0			Individual	44565	
6	Strand	12.7mm	MultiStrand	12	12	1	40	40	1	-0		3	0			Individual	44565	

RAPT inputs:

LOADINGS:

Girder Self-weight:

Load Case	Load Type	Load Definition	Live Load Deflection Case	Description
1	Self Weight	Applied Loads	y/n	Aa
2	Extra Dead Load	Applied Loads		
3	Live Load	Applied Loads	✓	

#	mm	kN/m	#	mm	kN/m	Aa
1	1	-0	17.4	2	0	17.4

Live Load (Bridge Maintenance):

Load Case	Load Type	Load Definition	Live Load Deflection Case	Description
1	Self Weight	Applied Loads		
2	Extra Dead Load	Applied Loads		
3	Live Load	Applied Loads	✓	

#	mm	kN/m	#	mm	kN/m	#.#	Aa
1	1	-0	2.24	2	0	2.24	1 Maintenance

Initial Dead Load (Loads already applied on the girder):

Load Case	Load Type	Load Definition	Live Load Deflection Case	Description
1	Self Weight	Applied Loads	y/n	Aa
2	Initial Dead Load	Applied Loads		
3	Extra Dead Load	Applied Loads		
4	Live Load	Applied Loads	✓	

#	mm	kN/m	#	mm	kN/m	Aa
1	1	-0	3.07	2	0	3.07 slab
2	1	-0	2.24	2	0	2.24 services
3	1	-0	1	2	0	1 handrail

Load Case	Load Type	Load Definition	Live Load Deflection Case	Description
1	Self Weight	Applied Loads		
2	Initial Dead Load	Applied Loads		
3	Live Load	Applied Loads	✓	

#	mm	kN	mm	Aa
1	1	14933.3	6	0 post
2	1	0	6	0 post
3	1	29866.7	6	0 post
4	2	0	6	0 post

Extra Dead Load (Additional Load due to the signage):

Load Case	Load Type	Load Definition	Live Load Deflection Case	Description
1	Self Weight	Applied Loads	y/n	Aa
2	Initial Dead Load	Applied Loads		
3	Extra Dead Load	Applied Loads		
4	Live Load	Applied Loads	✓	

#	mm	kN/m	#	mm	kN/m	Aa
1	1	6560	4.7	1	19190	4.7

Live Load (Signage Maintenance):

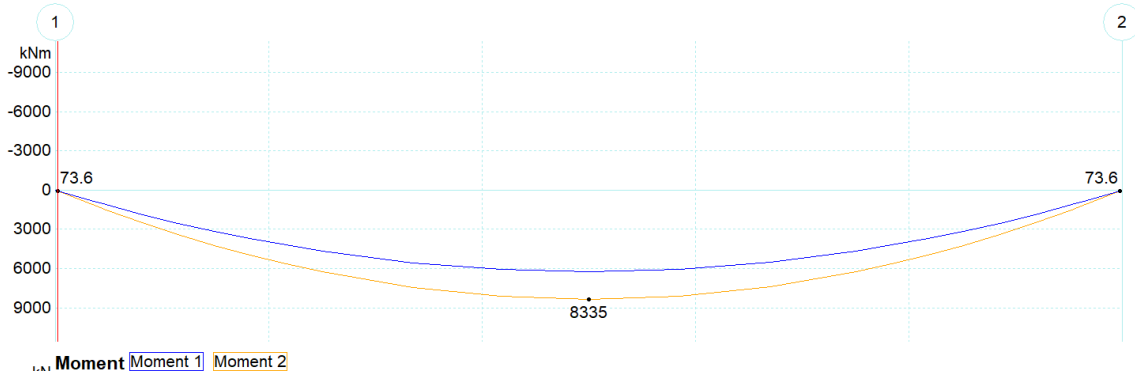
Load Case	Load Type	Load Definition	Live Load Deflection Case	Description
1	Self Weight	Applied Loads	y/n	Aa
2	Initial Dead Load	Applied Loads		
3	Extra Dead Load	Applied Loads		
4	Live Load	Applied Loads	✓	

#	mm	kN/m	#	mm	kN/m	#.#	Aa
1	1	6560	1.88	1	19190	1.88	1 LL Gantry

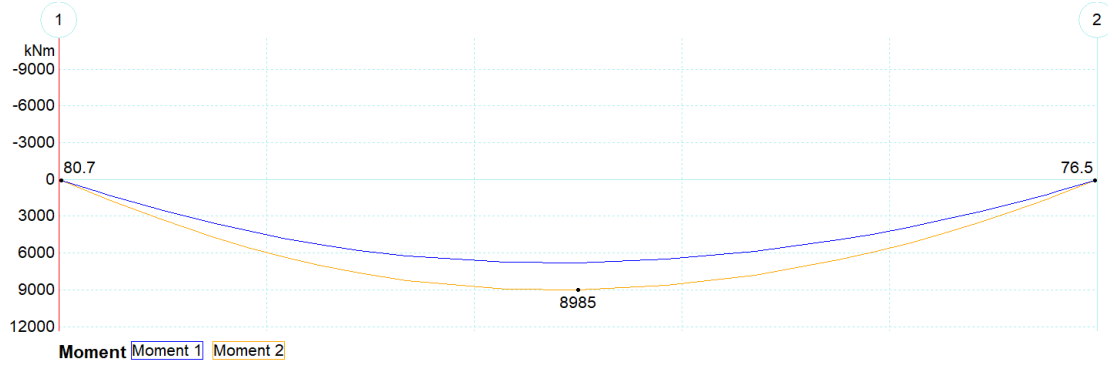
RAPT results:

Ultimate Flexure:

Ultimate Moment (without signange load) - without considering prestress

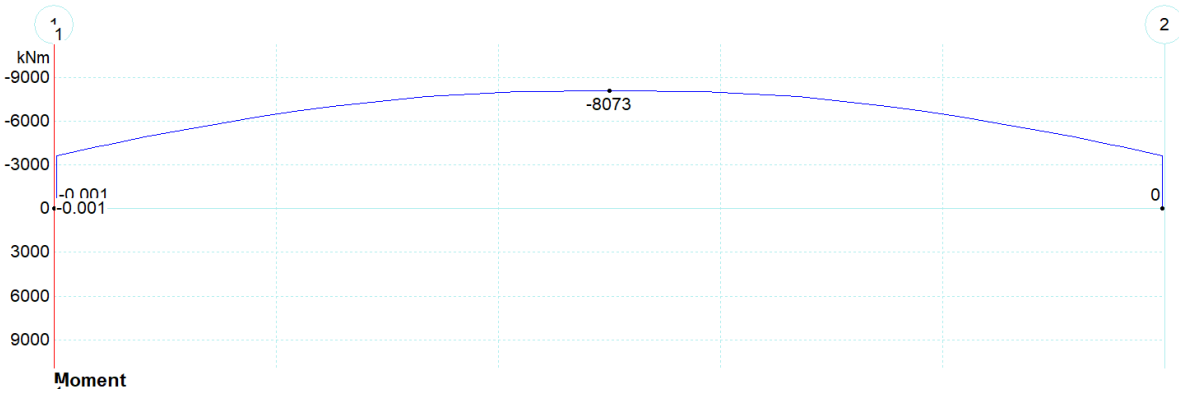


Ultimate Moment (with signange load) - without considering prestress

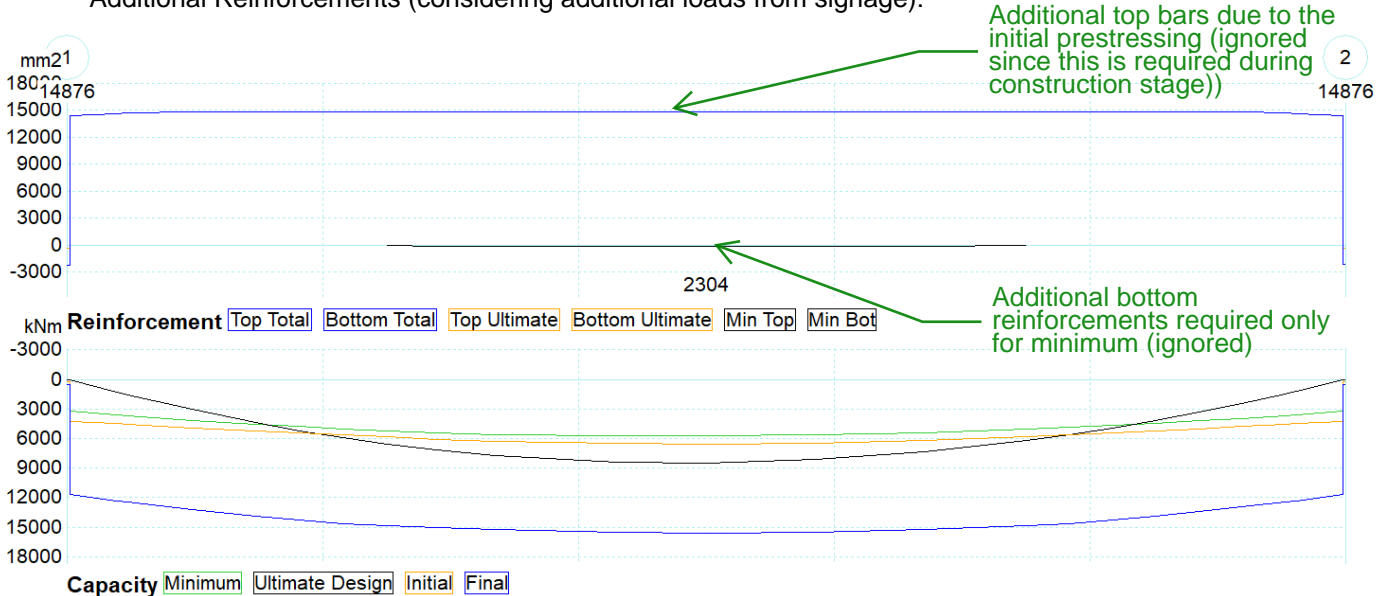


Additional moment = $8985 - 8335 = 650 \text{ kNm}$

Prestress Transfer



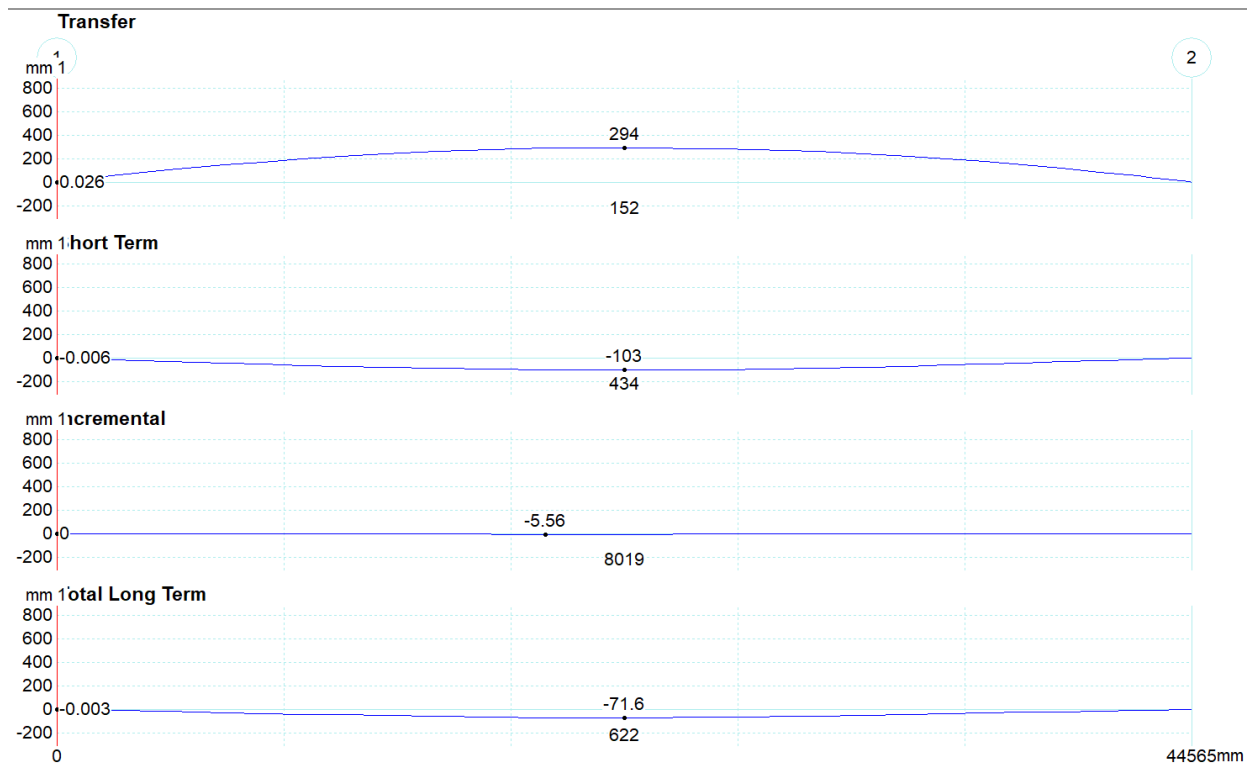
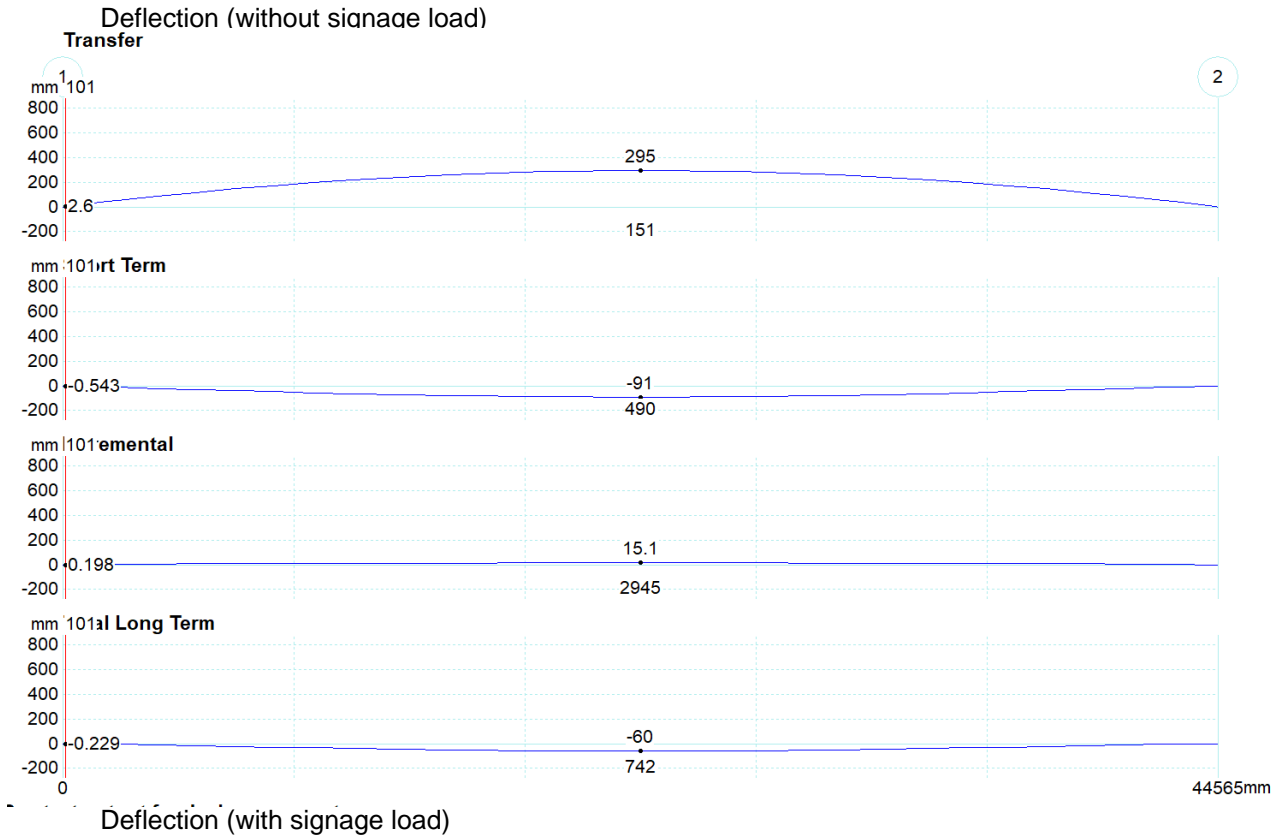
Additional Reinforcements (considering additional loads from signage):



Note: Additional top bars to be ignored since these are required bars during construction (prestressing). Since this bridge assessment doesn't consider this load case, top bar requirements can be ignored.

RAPT results:

Deflection:



Additional Deflection = 71.6 - 60 = 11.6 mm

Deflection Correction:

From RAPT, Moment of Inertia obtained (idealized section) = $2.58e11$

From ETABS, Moment of Inertia obtained (actual) = $3.14e11$

Maximum deflection (including signage loads) = $71.6(I_{RAPT}/I_{ETABS})$

Maximum deflection (including signage loads) = 58.83 mm

Allowable deflection = $L/600 = 74.275$ mm

Maximum deflection (58.83 mm) < Allowable deflection (74.275 mm), OK

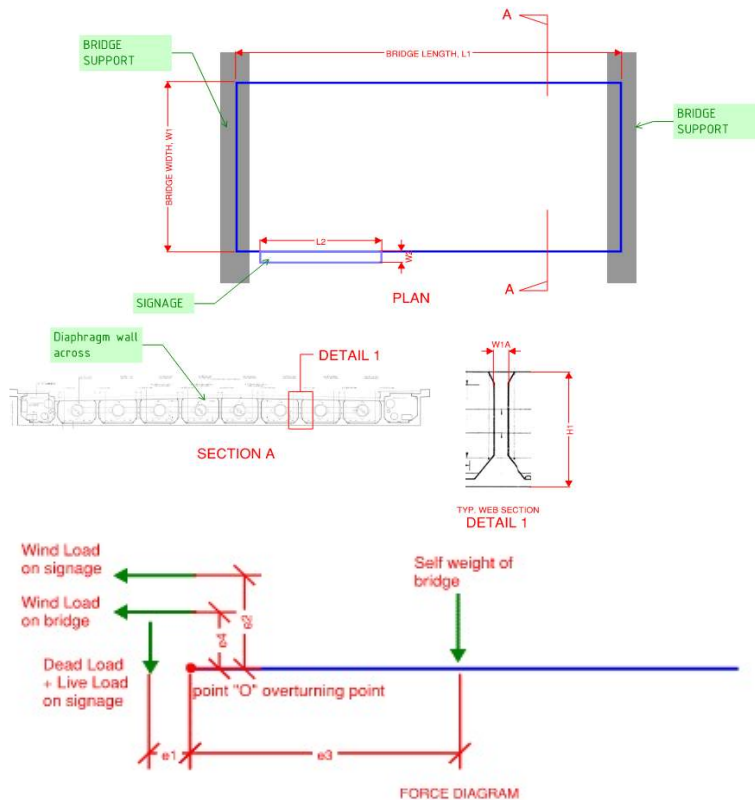
M. Stability Check (Sliding and Overturning)

Bridge inputs

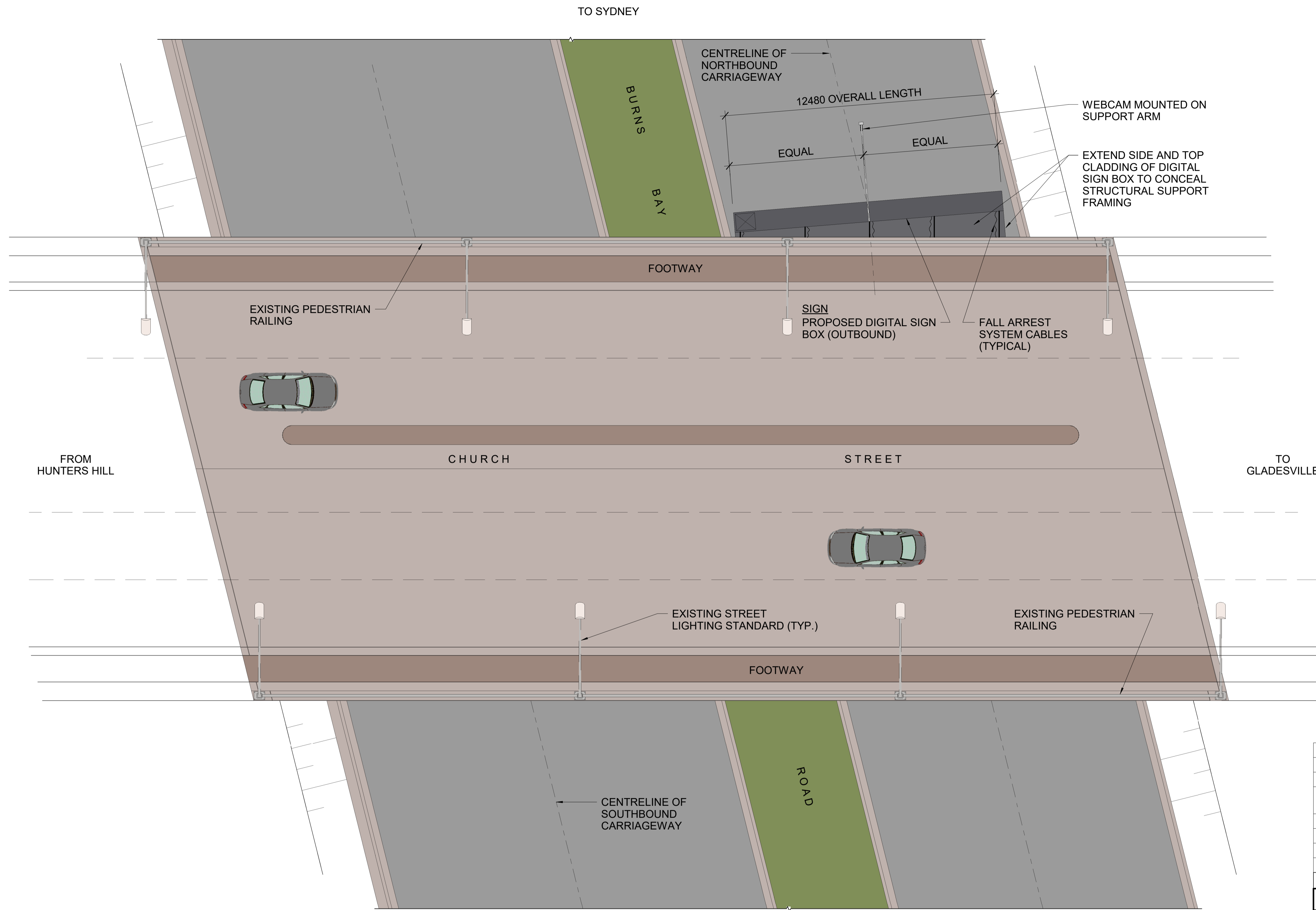
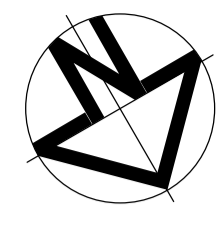
Web width, W1A	0.18	m
(Bridge Length)/2, (L1)/2	22.50	m
Diaphragm width, W1B	0.18	m
Bridge width, W2	22.00	m
Depth, H1	1.90	m
Concrete unit weight	25.50	kN/m ³
# of webs	11.00	pcs
# of diaphragms	7.00	pcs
Volume of opening (600mm dia.)	0.41	m ³
Bottom Slab thickness	0.12	m
Top slab thickness	0.20	m

Signage inputs

Signage Length, L2	12.63	m
Signage Height, H2	3.35	m
Calculated self weight of signage (from Microstran)		
Signage Dead Load	4.67	kN/m
Wind Load on Signage		
Calculated wind pressure	1.60	kN/m
Live load on signage		
Gantry	2.50	kN/m



ARCADIS	DOCUMENT No	SHEET
SUBJECT		
M. Stability Check (Sliding and Overturning)		
REFERENCE	CALCULATIONS	OUTPUT
	<p>Calculated Forces</p> <p>Dead load, G</p> <p>Self weight of bridge (consider only half of length) 7530.30 kN</p> <p>Dead Load on Signage (SW + SDL) 58.92 kN</p> <p>Live load, Q</p> <p>Live load on signage 105.78 kN</p> <p>Wind load, W</p> <p>Wind load on signage 67.70 kN</p> <p>Wind pressure on bridge 2.12 kPa</p> <p>Wind load on bridge 90.60 kN</p> <p>Eccentricities</p> <p>e1 1.20 m</p> <p>e2 1.68 m</p> <p>e3 11.00 m</p> <p>e4 0.95 m</p>	
0.9G	Factored Righting Moment 74,549.96 kN-m	
1.2G+1.5Q+1.5W	Factored Overturning Moment 574.43 kN-m	
	<p>Factor Of Safety (Righting Moment / Overturning Moment) 129.78 > 2 Therefore, OK</p> <p>Coefficient of friction, μ 0.40</p> <p>Sliding force (1.5W) 237.44</p> <p>Resisting force ($\mu \cdot 0.9 \cdot G$) 2,710.91</p> <p>Factor Of Safety (Sliding) 11.42 > 1.5 Therefore, OK</p>	



PROPOSED DIGITAL ADVERTISING SIGNAGE WORKS



LOCALITY PLAN
NOT TO SCALE

NOTES

1. SCALES AS SHOWN.
2. DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
3. CLADDING TO BASE, SIDES AND TOP SHALL BE 'LOCKER GROUP PERFORATED MESH R02411' - 2.0mm ALUMINIUM SHEET, OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT. POWDER COATED PAINT COLOUR - 'MONUMENT'.
4. A FALL ARREST SYSTEM (STEEL WIRE ROPE CABLES) SHALL BE FITTED, CONNECTING THE ADVERTISING SIGNAGE BOX STRUCTURE TO THE BRIDGE SUPERSTRUCTURE.
5. THE SIGNAGE STRUCTURE COMPLIES WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF:
 - AUSTRALIAN STANDARD AS.1170.1 - SAA LOADING CODE, PART 1: DEAD AND LIVE LOADS AND LOAD COMBINATIONS.
 - AUSTRALIAN STANDARD AS.1170.2 - STRUCTURAL DESIGN ACTIONS, PART 2: WIND ACTIONS.

DIGITAL SIGNAGE PLAN
SCALE 1 : 100

ISSUE	DATE	REVISION	PREP	CHECK	AUTH
5	24/03/21	DECOMMISSIONED TELCO INFORMATION REMOVED			
4	16/03/21	PROPOSED INBOUND SIGN REMOVED			
3	16/12/19	ISSUED FOR DA APPROVAL			
2	13/12/19	SIGN SIZE AMENDED			
1	27/08/19	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION			

ROADS AND MARITIME SERVICES OF NEW SOUTH WALES
 CHURCH STREET MUNICIPALITY OF HUNTERS HILL
ADVERTISING SIGNAGE
CHURCH STREET OVERPASS
 HUNTERS HILL
GENERAL ARRANGEMENT - SHEET 1

 ARCADIS AUSTRALIA PACIFIC PTY LIMITED <small>Level 16, 580 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 Tel: +61 (0)2 8907 9000</small>	 <small>27-31 Argyle Street, Parramatta NSW 2150</small>
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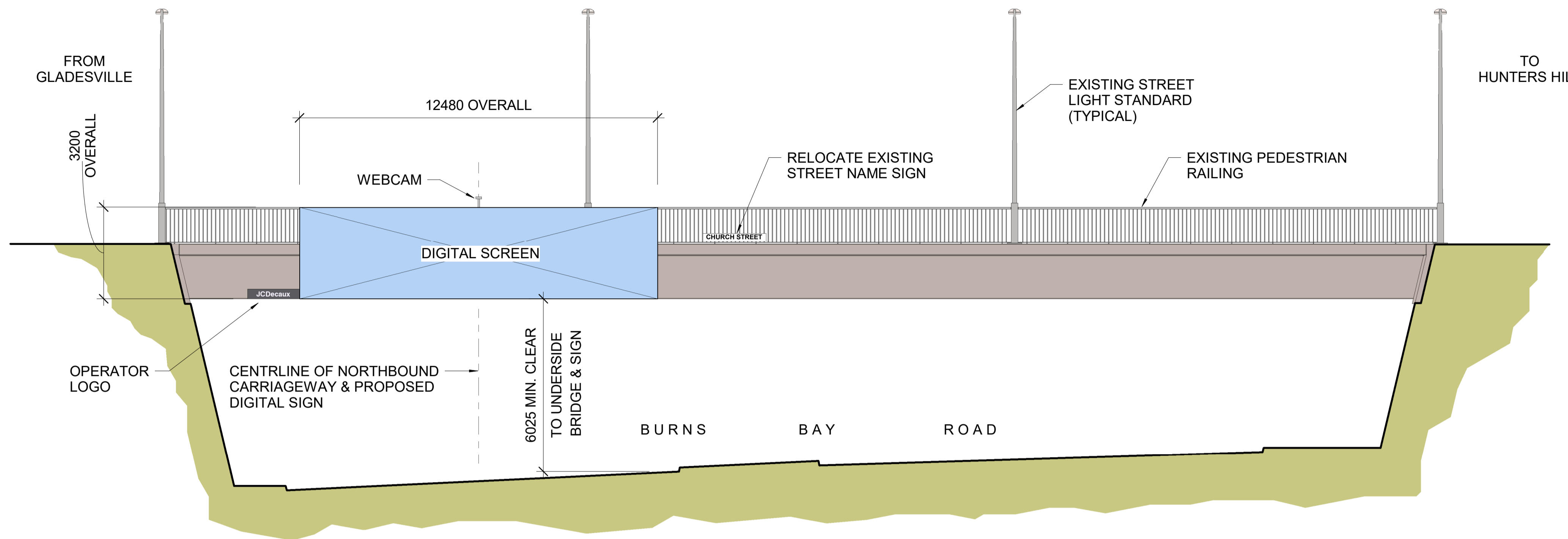
PREPARED	CHECKED	REGISTRATION No OF PLANS
DESIGN <u>JB</u>		DS2019/000865
DRAWING <u>MV</u>		RTA BRIDGE NUMBER <u>BN201</u>
APPROVED	DESIGN QA RECORDS	ISSUE STATUS: <u>DA APPROVAL</u>
DIRECTOR		SHEET No <u>DA.01</u> ISSUE <u>5</u>

JCDecaux

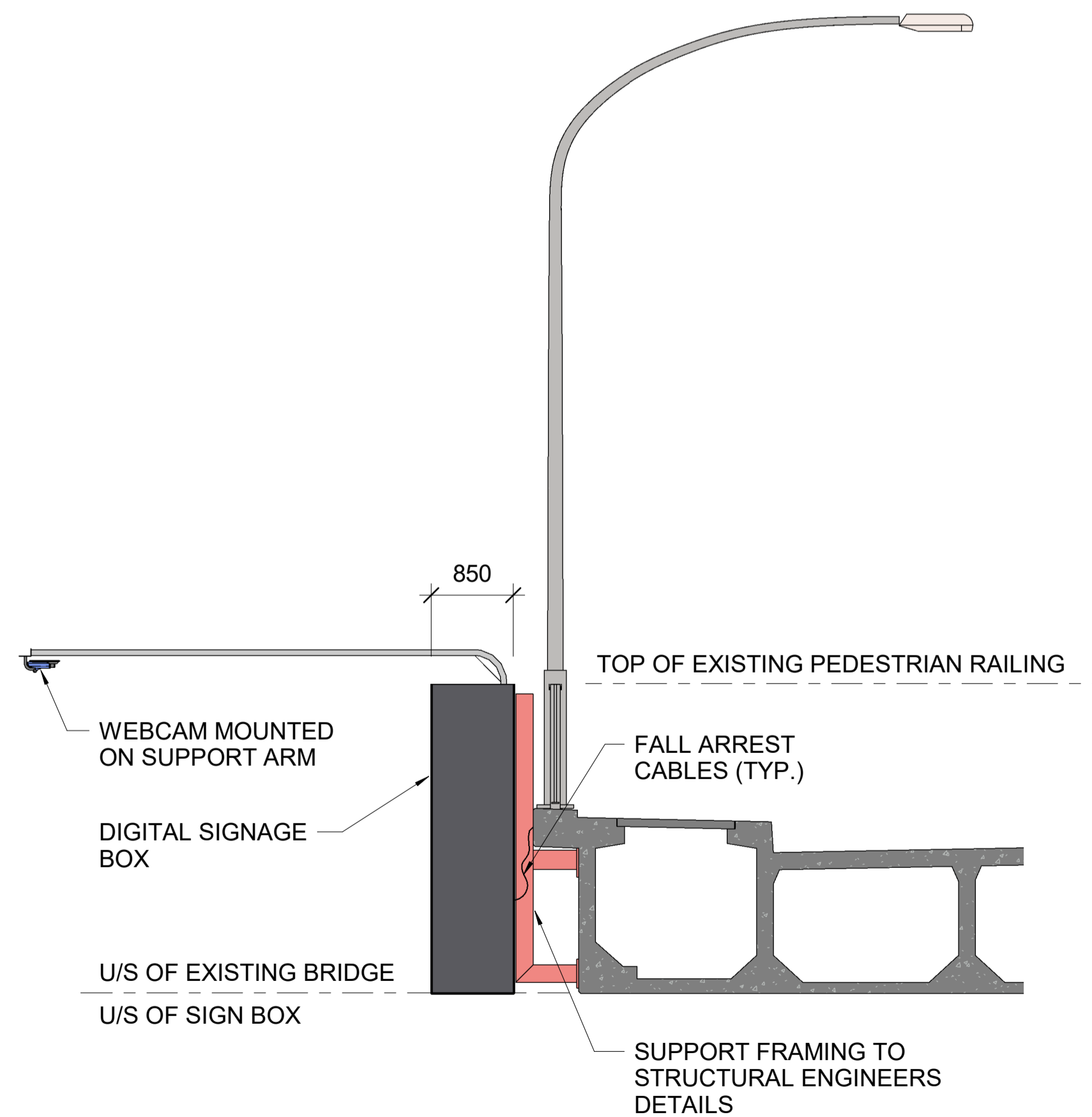
Level 16, 1 York Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia
Tel: +61 (0)2 9557 6555 www.jcdecaux.com.au

NOTES

1. SCALES AS SHOWN.
2. DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.



SOUTH ELEVATION - OUTBOUND
SCALE 1 : 100



TYPICAL SECTION
SCALE 1 : 50

ISSUE	DATE	REVISION	PREP	CHECK	AUTH
5	24/03/21	DECOMMISSIONED TELCO INFORMATION REMOVED			
4	16/03/21	PROPOSED INBOUND SIGN REMOVED			
3	16/12/19	ISSUED FOR DA APPROVAL			
2	13/12/19	SIGN SIZE AMENDED			
1	27/08/19	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION			

ROADS AND MARITIME SERVICES OF NEW SOUTH WALES
 CHURCH STREET MUNICIPALITY OF HUNTERS HILL
ADVERTISING SIGNAGE
CHURCH STREET OVERPASS
 HUNTERS HILL
 GENERAL ARRANGEMENT - SHEET 2

ARCADIS AUSTRALIA PACIFIC PTY LIMITED
Level 16, 580 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000
Tel: +61 (0)2 8907 9000

27-31 Argyle Street, Parramatta NSW 2150

PREPARED	CHECKED	REGISTRATION No OF PLANS	
DESIGN <u> </u> JB		DS2019/000865	
DRAWING <u> </u> MV		RTA BRIDGE NUMBER	BN201
APPROVED	DESIGN QA RECORDS	ISSUE STATUS:	DA APPROVAL
	DIRECTOR	SHEET No	DA.02 ISSUE 5

JCDecaux

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